THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1873 [VOLUME V---NUMBER 184

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA, FEBRUARY 25, 1873.

The Atlanta Constitution.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, circular of which will be found in another column, for *thoroughness* as a *news* paper, dignified, courteous and eminently practical editorials, we do most heartily commend to all who desire what may, very properly be termed a *State paper.—Catoosa Courier.*

Summary of State News.

BLAKELY.

Miningitis exists in Early county.——Peach blooms were seen in the vicinity of Blakely on Sunday last.——Bedding sweet potatoes and planting Irish potatoes and sugar-cane have been attended to in this part of Early county.—*Early County News.*

THOMSON.

The partnership heretofore existing between H. C. Roney and J. E. White, as editors and proprietors of the McDuffie Journal is dissolved. The publication of the Journal will be continued by H. W. Guald and J. E. White.

MACON.

We are pained to hear a report that Col. Daniel Hughes, of Twiggs, is very seriously ill of min n itis.——Mr Lawrence Barett will personate Richelieu on Monday, March 3d, in Macon.——Quite a number of peach trees in the city are now in bloom.——An unknown man was killed near No. 17 1-2 on Central Railroad, Saturday morning. The down passenger day train was behind him, as he was walking the track, saw it too late to escape, the cow-catcher struck him and knocked him off the track. In falling his head struck the end of a cross-tie, and the blow killed him almost instantly.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

SAVANNAH.

In the various trials of skill among the firemen at Jacksonville, Florida, the Washingtons of Savannah carried off the palm.—— At the annual meeting of the Needle Woman's Friend Society of Savannah, on Tuesday last, the old Board of Managers were re-elected for the ensuing year. President, Mrs. Ann M. Davis; Vice President, Mrs. Octavus Cohen; Secretary, Mrs. Joseph Wilder; Treasurer, Mrs. Thomas Purse.—— At the fire which occurred in Savannah on Friday, Mr. George Puder and Mr. Peter Kent, of the Cleburne Hose Company, were crushed by the falling of a wall. Mr. Puder was instantly killed. Mr. Kent is so severely injured that, but little hope is entertained of his recovery.—*News.*

The Volunteer Military organizations of Savannah had a grand celebration on the 22d. During the day a sham battle came off between the Cavalry and Artillery.—*Republican.*

AUGUSTA.

The 22d was appropriated celebrately in Augusta by the Oglethorpe Infantry.—— The banner was presented to the Georgia Independent Fire Company on the 22d in front of the Masonic Hall. The banner was presented to the Georgia, by W. Fred Eve, Esq., for Maj. J. V. H. Allen.——The Richmond Hussars will soon be re-organized. ——The Port Royal Railroad is almost completed.—*Constitutionalist.*

ATHENS.

Our farmers seem to be laying in a plentiful supply of mule force with which to work their crops the coming season.——The health of Athens and vicinity is excellent as it always is ——An old and successful planter of Clarke county, says the negroes are working better in this neighborhood, at the present time, than he has ever known them since Sherman's little trip through Georgia.——A number of bridges were washed away in Clarke county by the recent flood.—*Northeast Georgian.*

RINGGOLD.

Mr. Moses, of Ringgold, has caught fifty-one opossums this fall and winter.——Since the recent fire the Western and Atlantic Railroad company have had constructed a neat little freight depot, on the lot adjoining the old depot, only for temporary use.——A string band has been organized by the young men of our town.—*Catoosa Courier.*

Figures

Rhode Island has 3,000 militia.

London covers 117 square miles.

The value of stock in Colorado is $4,000,000.

Texas pastured 4,615,316 cattle in the year 1872.

Trinity Church, New York, gives $40,000 a year to other churches.

The remains of 117 steamboats lie on the bottom of the Arkansas river.

Ohio has 3,000,000 acres more of cultivated land than Pennsylvania.

Literary Items.

"George Elliot" has made $40,000 by "Middlemarch."

Selections from Mr. Greeley's correspondence, edited by Whitelaw Reid, are to be published.

The Great Portuguese Dictionary of the Academy of Sciences, commenced nearly a century since, and frequently resumed and abandoned, has at last reached the end of letter C.

The export of German maps, books and pictures from Leipsic to the United States, during the first half of 1872, amounted to 180,646 thalers.

Daily Condensations

In the great poultry show, at Buffalo, sixty varieties of pigeons were exhibited.

The Texas Penitentiary is accumulating convicts at the rate of nearly a thousand a year.

Philadelphia has contributed a block of marble for the Washington Monument.

Eighteen cadets at West Point are to be discharged, having failed to pass.

The exhibition building at Vienna is done.

Smoke still ascends from the Boston ruins.

Editorial Items.

The eight wealthiest men in New Orleans are retired butchers.

The record of mining catastrophes in Pennsylvania last year includes 153 men killed and 403 wounded.

Galveston, Texas, ships as high as 20,000 head of cattle per month.

A machine is now in operation in Philadelphia which turns out 3,000 complete paper match boxes per hour.

Miscellaneous News.

Florida will have a State Fair.

Constantinople has forty three newspapers.

Glass barrels are to be used for the transportation of petroleum, in order to save the heavy loss from evaporation in ordinary packages.

De Mortuis.

Mr. Robert Bryan, of Harris county, died on the 17th inst.

Mr. John Billingsley, of Harris county, died a few days since.

Mr. George Goeltz, of Macon, died on Friday last.

☞ A touching incident has come to light in connection with the martyrdom of the English missionary, Gordon, in the New Hebrides. Just before he was killed by a native he had been at work on the translation of the Acts of the Apostles, and the last portion he went over was the chapter on the stoning of Stephen.—*Christian Union.*

WALTON COUNTY.

The Rains and Bridges—Crops and Fertilizers—Labor and Cotton—Superior Court—The New Judge and Solicitor—The Bar and Jury—Newspaper Agents and Editors.

MONROE, GA., February 21, 1873.

Editors Constitution: Your paper now having a larger circulation in our county than any other certainly entitles us, now and then, to a small corner in its columns. "The rains have descended," the water courses have forgotten their original channels, and not having the fear of the court or the poverty of our people before them have swept off bridges to value perhaps of five thousand dollars, and no sheriff puts forth any effort to arrest the out-laws. The farmer's plowalians still stands in the mud in the field where he left it two weeks since, and his wagon loaded with fertilizers still holds its ground where it mired in the road ten days ago. The mules are in their stalls eating their summer supplies, while the XV amendment rolls out his time, snoring by the fire happy as Dexters wife," only dreaming of his autumn song when decaying fruit, and ill kept, but stolen fresh meat bring to his remembrance the appropriate refrain, "Shoo fly, don't bodder me."

The tardiness in gathering last year's crop, the indolence of laborers, the indifference of farmers and the unpropitious fall reduced the average of wheat which has, under a false economy for many years, "been growing small by degrees and beautifully less." Many a boy will toddle off to school this year with a weakly, sallow-looking biscuit, which has strayed all the way from the Northwest, and a slice of meat, whether it be bacon or pork no man can tell, which ate its last acorn the other side of the Ohio. Cotton, with its white blossoms and still whiter lint, seems to charm the tillers of the soil. They seem to regard it as a badge of innocence, forgetting that winding sheets are white also, and that he who raises the most cotton is but making the quickest preparations for his agricultural grave when some general agent or provision dealer will come in and administer on his estate, with the "will annexed," in the form of a lien and mortgage. The Federal Congress has legislated the negro out of bondage, and now to keep up the beautiful harmony intimated in the natural law of universal compensation, the State officials must legislate the mules, horses and cattle into bondage. The world can bear only so much liberty at a time and we have too many free things just now. The mule and the negro cannot both go free at once. Since the negro knows no master, the mule must know no freedom. If the freedman takes the range the mule must be kept under fence. The stock law is the farmers only salvation.

Our Superior Court is in session. The new incumbent of the bench on this circuit, his Honor Judge Rice, from the way he manages things, is certainly an "old hand at the bellows," for he keeps everything hot; the Sheriff's move in a trot, the jurors, when the trumpet blows, put on more steam, the witnesses are always in court and the lawyers, who for many a day have been enjoying their "*otium cum dignitate*," use all their powers—one eye on the Judge, the other on their client's pocket and their mouths full-stretched to the jury. Silence reigns in the Court-room, except when sense accompanies sound. A $20 fine, for a few minutes' delay, is a common occurrence, and the forfeiture of a prisoner's bond is the work of only five minutes.

The Solicitor, though a young man, displays a great common sense. He believes in dispatch and his arguments are as remarkable for power as his speeches are for brevity. If a man is guilty he proves him so and turns him over to reap the reward of the law; if he is innocent, with a look of apparent pleasure, he turns him loose with the good advice, "Avoid the appearance of evil." If the Governor has made as judicious appointments in the other circuits as he has in this, the Bench of Georgia will be an enduring monument to the wisdom and prudence of His Excellency. It is true, we would have preferred a Judge of our "own raising," but since a stranger must wear the ermine robes of our circuit, we are satisfied that Judge Rice will turn them over to his successor without "spot or blemish, or any such thing." He makes the law a refuge, a secure hiding place for the persecuted; but a fortress of bristling bayonets, a terror to evil doers. Our Solicitor, E. Speer, Esq., is making friends of the true and good, and gives evidences of a strong desire to preserve the order and the peace of society, and maintain the dignity and majesty of the law.

Walton seems to be common tramping ground for editors, a kind of midway place between the two great centres of newspaperdom. Christy of the Watchman is here, hunting up old dead heads and making new acquaintances; Grant, of the N. E. Georgian is on the streets presenting the resurrected body of the Banner and asking its old friends to renew their love and "do their first works over again"; Brantly of the Chronicle sits like a sentinel upon the hotel corner (he likes the table better, however) watching for his straying patrons, Neburt in the interest of the Sun would illuminate this dark corner as he asks for the privilege of scattering some sunbeams over this beclouded land; and there comes a "Phat Boy", Colonel Anton of THE CONSTITUTION with a smile half as broad as his face and twice as long as his body and a tongue three times as massive as his huge proportions, attracting attention by his personal worth as well as by the exceeding merit of the Journal he represents. He collects closely, adds many subscribers to your list and furnishes a paper not a whit behind the best. By the by, did you know that you are ahead at our office, and, also, in the county.

The next thing, no doubt, we will see a column in your paper headed "Walton Advertisements." Well, by law you are entitled to them, and no man has any right to complain. We would hate to lose the genial face of Col. Christy at our courts, but then I think (and I have heard some women say so too) that Col. Acton is just as pretty, and as for size, either would furnish enough flesh and blood for a full grown, old-fashioned country hog, with which, no doubt, they are both well acquainted and equally well pleased. Yours, etc,

Z.

☞ A Roman ecclesiastic, in reply to whatever question might be prepared, began by saying: "I make a distinction." A cardinal having invited him to dine, proposed to derive some amusement for the company from the well known peculiarity of his guest. Saying to him that he had an important question to propose, he asked: "Is it, under any circumstances, lawful to baptize in soup?" "I make a distinction," said the priest. "If you ask, 'Is it lawful to baptize in soup in general?' I say 'No!' If you ask, 'Is it lawful to baptize in your excellency's soup?' I say 'Yes!' for there is really no difference between it and water."

☞ A nervous old individual suggested to his landlady the propriety of having the walls of the staircase and passage re-papered and found his nervous system much soothed by her replying. "Pardon me, sir, but I was waiting to see how your health goes on; coffins is such things to knock the paper off a comin' down."

☞ A woman near Hartford recently took a friendless boy from the town-house to bring up for the ministry, but the experiment proved a failure, as the child froze to death last week. The female philanthropist will see the time when to be frozen stiff will be a luxury worth bankering after.—*Danbury News.*

☞ A Boston paper says: "A party of capitalists at Hartford have bought Owen Munson's grove of young oaks, and will soon employ a large force of men upon it making the material into Charter Oak relics. Those who have seen the wood pronounce it superior to any that has yet been used for that purpose!"

☞ Millennial is reviving in Vermont. The world, it is affirmed by some, is coming to an end toward the close of the present year. Others think that the catastrophe will occur during the present winter. There are a good many meetings, and there is a good deal of preaching and excitement.

☞ A lawyer ordered a waiter in Gaston's restaurant, at Memphis, to "bring me a dish of my native fodder." He was promptly supplied with cabbage.

Because thistle tops were not in season.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

NO NEWS FROM CAPTAIN JACK'S CAMP.

The Peace Commissioners Divided.

Destructive Fire in Camden, New Jersey.

Excitement on the Increase in Spain.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

CALIFORNIA.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 23.—The messengers to Captain Jack's camp have not returned. Fears of their safety are entertained.

The peace commissioners are divided. Case wants an unconditional surrender, while Meacham and Applegate think the Modocs have been badly treated. The people have little hope of peace.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 23.—Arrived from Europe—the Great Western, Weybosset, and Metropolis, Georgia, Herman, Livingston and City of Galvestonr

A large representation of Spaniards met at the Maison D'Orce last evening to celebrate the establishment of a Republic in Spain. Many speeches were made.

Senor DeConto said she looked upon the establishment of a republic as the virtual abolition of slavery in all Spanish dependencies. During the week a telegram was sent to the cabinet and the people of Spain, congratulating them upon the establishment of a republican form of government and assuring them of the hearty support of all Spaniards in America.

SPAIN.

CHANGES.

MADRID, February 23.—Changes in the ministry are expected. It is probable Chao will be Minister of Finance; Swanses Minister of the Marine and Aburzuys, and Shonville Novilles Minister of War.

The city is tranquil. A grand Republican mass meeting has been called for to-morrow.

MONDAY NOON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—Vice President Colfax was robbed of $4,000 in coupon bonds.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 24.—At midnight there were very cold winds blowing from north and west.

A snow storm delayed trains.

The street cars collected in the rear of the United American Mechanics' procession on Saturday and were the scene of a brisk fight. Two passengers who hooted at the processionists were roughly handled. Persons arrested by the police were rescued. When the police reached the scene in force the fight was over.

The driver of the car and the marshal of the procession are to be blamed for the disturbance.

FLORIDA.

JACKSONVILLE, February 24.—McGenlay's new Grand National Hotel in this city opens to-day. It is said to be the finest house south of Washington.

NEW JERSEY.

FIRE.

CAMDEN, February 23.—The Pennsylvania Railroad shops and adjourning buildings are burning. The wind is very high. Engines are arriving from Philadelphia.

LATTER—The fire is under control.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Feb. 24.—The excitement here is increasing, particularly among the working men. Barricades are apprehended. The Red Republicans are urging extremes. The Carlists are operating and intriguing actively. The army of dissatisfied reactionists denounce the American Minister as suspiciously active in Spanish politics.

The troops are hurrying to reinforce those operating against Carlists. The Carlists burned railway stations and bridges. Fighting in the North is quite severe.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Cotton entirely nominal; uplands 20¢; Orleans 21¢; sales 60 bales.

Flour dull. Wheat dull and nominal. Corn quiet. Pork quiet and firm—mess $14 87½. Lard very firm—western steam 8 7-16. Turpentine dull at 67a67½. Rosin firm at $3 75 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks steady. Money firm at 1-16a1-32 per cent. Gold steady at 14⅜. Exchange—long 9; short 10. Governments dull but steady. State bonds dull and firm.

LONDON, February 24—noon.—Consols 93¼ 5s 90⅜.

PARIS, February 24.—Rentes 56f 55c.

LIVERPOOL, February 24—noon.—Cotton opened steady; uplands 9¼; Orleans 10; shipped from Savannah or Charleston, February or March, 9 9-16.

LATER—Cotton steady; sales 12,000 bales, speculation and export 1,000; shipped from Savannah and Charleston, February or March, 9⅜.

Breadstuffs quiet. Cumberland cut 34s 6d.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, February 24, 3 o'clock, P. M. }

COTTON steady at 18¼a18¾.

EXCHANGE—Buying at par and selling at ¼ premium.

FINANCIAL.—Gold buying at $1 12½; selling $1 14. Silver buying $1 06; selling $1 10.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 75a77; 7s 86a89; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 71a73; 8s 81a83. Augusta 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock 93a95; Georgia Railroad bonds 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 83a86; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 89a91.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn scarce 87; in car, 85. Wheat best quality $3 10; red wheat $1 90a2 05. Oats, seed, 70a72½; mixed oats 65. Rye 1 15a$1 20. Barley $1 10a1 15.

SEED.—We quote clover at $3 per bushel. Blue grass at $3 50.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gunny 12; magnolia and other Western brands 16a18½; double anchor and Ludlow 16½. Ties 6½a9.

FLOUR.—Fancy $11 50a12; extra family $11a11 50; family $10a10 50; extra $9 50a 10; superfine $7 50.

BACON.—Shoulders 7.

BULK MEATS—Shoulders 6½; C. R. sides new meat 8½; clear sides 8½.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 12; cans and kegs 13½; tierces, 9¼a9¾.

BUTCHERS' MEATS—Retail prices, corned beef in kegs 12½c; spiced 15c; hogs 8c; mutton 10a12½c; veal 10c; Sausages 15a17c; soup bone 10a35c.

FRESH MEATS.—Dressed beef by the side, per pound, 8a10; retail 10a15. Mutton, whole, dressed 12a15, retail 12a15. Hogs, dressed, 8; 10a12½ retail. Veal, dressed, 10; retail 12½ a15. Corned beef in kegs 12½; retail 12½.

SAUSAGES.—Linked, fresh, wholesale 15; retail 17a20; linked, smoked 15; retail 20. Sausages in 50 lb cans, green, 15. Bologna, smoked, in bags, 15; retail 20a25. Hogshead cheese, wholesale 15; retail 20. Blood pudding 15; retail 20. Liver pudding, wholesale 15; retail 20.

HOGS.—Buying prices, gross $5 50 on foot; net $8.

MUTTON.—Buying prices, gross 5; net 12½.

BEEF CATTLE.—Buying prices, gross 3a5; net 5a10.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed Granulated and Powdered 14¢. Coffee A 13¢; for Extra C 13; Yellow C 12¢. Brown 11¼a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $2 30; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7½c per box Georgia Soap Factory—5a7c per pound Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 18a20 Pepper 25a28. Corn meal 90. Starch 6¼10. Rice 8¢ for tierces. Java Coffee 27a30. Rio 22a24. New Orleans syrup 72a80. Molasses—khds. 28; bbls. 34a35. Cheese, factory, 17a18.

FISH.—Mackerel, No. 3, bbls., $10 50; No. 2, half bbls., $7 00; No. 3, half bbls., $5 50; No. 1, kits, $1 65; No. 2, kits, $1 50 No. 3, kits $1 25

HAY.—We quote western timoth; at $40. Tennessee $36a38.

FERTILIZERS.—Pendleton's $67 cash; $76 on time. Navassa $58 cash; $68 on time. Whann's Superphosphate, cash $54; on time, $60. Chappell's Champion Superphosphate $67 50, on time. Russell Coe's Ammoniated Raw Bone Superphosphate $58; on time $68. Sea Fowl Guano $56; on time $66. Cotton States $60; on time $70. Etiwan Guano $60; on time $66. Mark W. Johnson's $58; on time $68. Etiwan Dissolved Bone $45; on time $50.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 20c; chickens 25c; country butter 18a22a25; Tennessee butter 25a30

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11¼; Trion, 7-8, 11¼; Augusta 7-8, 11¼; Graniteville, 4-4, 13; Trion, 4-4, 13; Augusta, 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 8-4 9½; Augusta, 8-4, 9½; light osnaburgs 14¼a18; heavy osnaburgs 17c; Yarns $1 65. Roswell shirtings, 7-8, 11½; 4-4, 13. Checks 14¼16.

PRINTS.—Wamsutta 9; Bedford 9; Amos keag 10a10½; Arnold 10, Albions 11½; Richmond 11½; Spragues 11½; Dunnell's 11½.

IRON—Tire 1 1-2 inches to 4 by 1 1-2, $6; smaller sizes 50 cts advance. Rod, 12c. Axes Collins' $14 00a15 00. Shovels, Ames', $15 00; Roland's $13 00; Stone's $13 50. Solid cast-steel R. R, 18. Coffee mills $3 75a10 00. Cast-steel 25c; springs 22; axles 10a11; sad iron 7½ horse shoe nails 20a25; I. B, Hames, $3 00, Andirons $65a $1 50.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Blasting powder A $575; B $5 25; rifle powder per keg, 25 pounds, $7 50; half kegs $4 15; quarter kegs $2 35. Patent shot, bag, $3; Buck $2 25.

LEATHER.—Calf-skins—domestic $30a44 per dozen; French $45a66. Harness leather 33a45c per pound; sole leather, hemlock, 29a33½; oak 50a70c; split 40c; kips, country, 50a60 per pound.

STEEL.—Solid cast steel railroad 18c; cast steel 22c.

HARDWARE.—Hollowware, Savery's, 7c Belting 20 per cent. off list. Fairbanks' scales, list net. Manilla rope 25 c; Cotton 30c; Jute 15c; greenleaf 7¼a7¾. Cotton cards $6 00 per dozen. Axle grease $21 00 per gross. Picks, common, 16½; steel 17½; mattocks 18½, axe helves $1 50a2 per dozen.

NAILS.—Per keg, 10d to 60d, $5 75; 3d, $6 6d, $6 25; 4d, $6 50; 8d, $7 75; fine, $9 25 finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75c on above prices.

FRUIT.—Apples, Southern $3 00a3 50 per barrel; Northern $4 00a5 25 per barrel. Bananas retail at 5c, or six for 25c. Cocoanuts 10a15c. Oranges 5a10c. Lemons 5c.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Retail from Stores: Sweet Potatoes $1 75 per bushel, 50c per peck. Table Peas $1 50 Turnips 35c per peck. Onions, none. Irish potatoes 4'a50 per peck; $2 00 per bushel. Cabbage 10a25 apiece. Dressed chickens scarce, retail, 15c per pound; turkeys 15a18c per pound.

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

MANAGER, : : : : W. R. SPALDING.

Two Nights and one Matinee Only.

Friday and Saturday Evenings, February 28th and March 1st, 1873.

America's most Famous Comedian,

MR JOHN E. OWENS,

Supported by his own Dramatic Combination. Friday evening the performance to commence with the Pops' ar Comedy in Three Acts, entitled the

VICTIMS,

JOSHUA BUTTERBY, : MR. JOHN E. OWENS.

To conclude with Mr. Owens' great specialty of

SOLON SHINGLE.

Saturday, Matinee—MARRIED LIFE and SLASHER and CRASHER. Saturday night, Coyle's celebrated Comedy of EVERY BODY'S FRIEND. Major Do-Boots, the Swashbuckler, MR. JOHN E. OWENS. To be followed by the LIVE INDIAN, Mr. Owens in three characters.

PRICES OF ADMISSION: Admission $1 00; Reserved Seats, $1.50; Gallery, 50 cents. The sale of Reserved seats for Mr. Owens' nights will commence on Tuesday morning, February 25th, at 9 o'clock, at Phillips & Crew's Music Store.

feb 24—d3t

DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS,

WOOD MOULDINGS, STAIR RAILS, NEWELS AND ALL KINDS OF FANCY GLASS.

LARGE STOCK. LOWEST RATES.

ORDER WORK SOLICITED.

SEND FOR ESTIMATE AND PRICE LISTS.

KEOCH & THORNE,

224 AND 226 CANAL STREET,

NEW YORK CITY.

nov28-d1yr

BROKE LOOSE,

A MEDIUM-SIZE black horse hitched behind the store of McPherson & Barnett, on Peachtree St., had a saddle on. A liberal reward will be given for his delivery to Nunnally, Holman & Co., Peachtree street, or CONSTITUTION Office. feb22-3t.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold at public outcry, in the local house of sale, on first Tuesday in March next at the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, a house and lot on Trinity Hill, and known as No. 4 Trinity Hill, Thomas Ward Mitchell streets. Said lot is 61 feet front and about 200 feet deep, with a comfortable building thereon. Sold as the property of Abram Ward, deceased, for the benefit of heirs and creditors.

Terms—Half cash; balance six months, with 10 per cent. interest.

WILLIAM JENNINGS, Administrator.

jan17—dawtw Prince's fee $10

GUILFORD, WOOD & Co.,

Importers and Dealers

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Small Instruments, Sheet Music, etc.

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feb9 dcod3t ATLANTA, GA.

Sims House,

LA GRANGE, GEORGIA.

THOMAS W. McGEE.....Proprietor.

THIS House is undergoing the most thorough repairs and will be fitted out in the next few days with new Furniture. The traveling public will find the very best the market affords. Charges moderate.

jan16-d1f

GUANOS.

PHŒNIX GUANO.

Wilcox, Gibbs & Co.'s Manipulated Guano.

THESE celebrated Guanos, imported and prepared by Wilcox, Gibbs & Co., Savannah, Ga., and Charleston, S. C., are for sale for cash or on credit on accommodating terms, payable in cotton, by

J. A. ANSLEY, Agent,
feb'8—dcc6w Atlanta, Ga'

BARNES'

Albany House,

Corner Pine and Jackson Sts,

ALBANY, GA.

MERRICK BARNES, PROPRIETOR.

Omnibus to and from all trains. jan15-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

Late of the Court House and Depot

GADSDEN, ...ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$2 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov19-d1y

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—OF—

Readers Orators & Copy Books.

THE undersigned now own the plates of this POPULAR SERIES; and as they are the only Purely Southern School Books offered in the market, we submit that it is to the interest of Teachers to patronize them. Send for circulars of Special Terms to Teachers—VERY LIBERAL. Specimen copies sent free for examination.

Prof. Orr, the Superintendent of Education for Georgia, says of them:

Messrs. J. W. Burke & Co., Macon, Ga.—GENTLEMEN: I have given to the Sterling Series of School Books, which you have had the kindness to leave with me, such examination as the limited amount of leisure at my command has allowed. With several books of the series I was already familiar, having added greatly to the interest of several public exhibitions, while engaged in active school work, by selections from their pages. While there ought not to be anything offensively sectional in our school literature, I must be allowed, to say that it is with feelings of both pleasure and pride that I find in the pages of these books so liberal a recognition of Southern talent. I am glad, too, to learn that their publication is to be transferred to our own State. Southern independence will be soonest achieved by protecting, so far as possible, every interest for the supply of all our wants, both material and mental upon our own soil. I will only add that I would be pleased to see the books extensively used.

Respectfully yours,
GUSTAVUS J. ORR,
State School Commissioner.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 24, 1872.

J. W. BURKE & CO., Publishers,
aug3-d1f Macon, Georgia.

CETTYSBURG

KATALYSINE WATER.

IT has been demonstrated by a series of practical experiments conducted by eminent physicians, and attested by thousands of grateful people who have been relieved from their sufferings by its use, that the Gettysburg Katalysine Water is the nearest approach to a specific ever discovered for Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidneys and Urinary Diseases generally. It restores muscular power to the Paralytic. It cures Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Constipation, Asthma, Catarrh, and Bronchitis, Diseases of the Skin, General Debility and Nervous Prostration from Mental and Physical Excesses. It is the Greatest Antidote ever discovered for Excessive Eating and Drinking, it strengthens the stomach, promotes Digestion, and Relieves the Head almost immediately. No household should be without it. Every hotel should keep it on hand. For sale by all Druggists.

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227 South Front st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Gettysburg Spring Co.

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Thomaston, ...Georgia.

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C. ROBINSON.....Proprietor.

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MERRICK BARNES, PROPRIETOR.

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BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

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GADSDEN, ...ALABAMA.

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—OF—

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THE undersigned now own the plates of this POPULAR SERIES; and as they are the only Purely Southern School Books offered in the market, we submit that it is to the interest of Teachers to patronize them. Send for circulars of Special Terms to Teachers—VERY LIBERAL. Specimen copies sent free for examination.

Prof. Orr, the Superintendent of Education for Georgia, says of them:

Messrs. J. W. Burke & Co., Macon, Ga.—GENTLEMEN: I have given to the Sterling Series of School Books, which you have had the kindness to leave with me, such examination as the limited amount of leisure at my command has allowed. With several books of the series I was already familiar, having added greatly to the interest of several public exhibitions, while engaged in active school work, by selections from their pages. While there ought not to be anything offensively sectional in our school literature, I must be allowed, to say that it is with feelings of both pleasure and pride that I find in the pages of these books so liberal a recognition of Southern talent. I am glad, too, to learn that their publication is to be transferred to our own State. Southern independence will be soonest achieved by protecting, so far as possible, every interest for the supply of all our wants, both material and mental upon our own soil. I will only add that I would be pleased to see the books extensively used.

Respectfully yours,
GUSTAVUS J. ORR,
State School Commissioner.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 24, 1872.

J. W. BURKE & CO., Publishers,
aug3-d1f Macon, Georgia.

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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

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DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1873.

FOR CONGRESS.

FROM THE EIGHTH DISTRICT,

Hon. A. H. STEPHENS.

The Laws of 1872.

Bound copies of the Laws can be had at this office. Price three dollars.

The Congressional Election.

THE CONSTITUTION has a word for the Democrats of the 8th District. Turn out and do your duty nobly. Let every Democrat be sure to vote. It is due to the party and to the candidate alike.

☞ Why Judge Poland's committee want Oakes Ames, who bribed Congressmen, expelled, but not the members who accepted the bribes, is "one of those things no fellah can find out."

☞ The Macon Telegraph has a letter from Col. C. C. Jones, Jr., of New York, formerly of Savannah, that Appleton is printing his antiquities of the Georgia Indians. The work will be out in April. It is the precursor of a general history of Georgia.

☞ The hide of the immense elephant Romeo has been tanned, but it is said that the owner doesn't know what to do with it. Why don't brother Harris, of the pink sconce, procure another just like it and make a pair of slippers for himself?

☞ The Washington Chronicle deplores the "carnival of scandal" got up at the expense of men high in fame and position, and which is making such a stir in the public press. On the other hand, the country deplores the scandalous carnival got up at its expense by men high in fame and position, and which made such a stir in public affairs.

☞ Ex-Gov. H. V. Johnson, accompanied by Judge Twiggs, his predecessor, and Col. Pottle, passed through Warrenton, says the *Clipper*, on his way to Gibson to be installed as Judge of the Middle Circuits.

Thus Governor Johnson returns to the bench after having filled the high offices of United States Senator, Confederate States Senator and Governor of Georgia for two terms.

☞ The experiment of cumulative voting in Illinois has not given as general satisfaction as its advocates would have the public believe, and an amendment to the State Constitution has been offered in the Legislature abolishing the new system and providing for a return to the old plan. It is urged against the cumulative system that it increases the expenses of elections, facilitates cheating in counting, gives greater power to the caucus by enabling combinations to be formed for securing the control of elections, and that under certain conditions it might be so managed as to leave majorities unrepresented, giving the entire representation to minorities.

Eclectic Magazine.

The March number of the above favorite monthly is on our table, and presents its usual amount of varied and entertaining reading. The contents of this number are: "The Issues Raised by the Protestant Synod of France;" "The Disadvantages of Living in a Small Community," "The Two Marys," "The Story of LaValliere;" "Hereditary Improvement;" "The Children of Lebanon, an American Idyll;" "The Recent Star Shower, and Star Showers Generally;" "Victor Hugo;" "Too Soon;" "The Migration of Useful Plants;" "The True Story of Juggernaut;" "Brantome;" "Hirdelberg;" "An Ugly Dog;" "Bret Harte." The usual amount of Literary Notices; Foreign Literary Notes; Science and Art; Varieties.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 108 Fulton street, New York.

☞ The Democratic Legislature of Georgia deserves praise for its attempts to meet the obligations of the State, pay its debts, and redeem its credit. The project by which $1,900,000 are to be raised for this purpose, by levying a direct tax on the people, looks like business. The tax is a heavy one, but the people will find it advantageous to their interests and the credit of the State. Half a dozen of the Southern States have been trying all sorts of ways of getting rid of the burden of the debts they have incurred during the last few years. They talk about repudiation, or refuse to pay interest, or beg the Federal Government to make them loans. All these things are foolish. They must adopt the policy of heroic taxation. It will be far the cheapest for men in the long run, and even in the short run. Georgia has found this out by experience. It will be understood, in time, even by poor South Carolina, which could pay her debts by a serious effort.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

The End of the Jumel Will Case.

The lineal descendants of Madame Jumel, the old mistress of Aarun Burr, have reached the end of their lawsuit for four million dollars worth of property on Manhattan Island, and are left out in the cold. The Nelson Chase party, now in possession, are triumphant, and quite overwhelmed their lawyer, Charles O'Conor. Mr. O'Conor will probably pocket a consideration of several hundred dollars.

When the verdict had been announced, the ladies of Mr. Chase's family, who were present, and whose manifestations of gratification were quite marked, moved toward Mr. O'Conor. Mrs. Tranchell embraced and kissed him. Mr. O'Conor observed that if the elder of the ladies were entitled to kiss him, he had the right to kiss the younger ones, and proceeded to do so, remarking to the court, "Behold the privilege of age."

Scribner's Monthly.

The March number of the above excellent monthly is before us. An attractive array of good things is promised for April. Among the contents of the present number, we find a paper containing much curious information regarding the Son of the First Napoleon, with portraits. "The Woman Who Saved Me," by Fannie E. Hodgson, promises to be entertaining. We, also find an illustrated paper on "Professor Morse," with a *fac simile* of the first telegram, "Christ's Miracles Scientifically Considered" is a notable paper. The story of "Arthur Bonnie Castle," by Dr. Holland, continues to be an exceeding popular feature. This number contains much that is varied and entertaining. Address Scribner & Co., 654 Broadway, New York.

One Cause of Mr. Hoar's Defeat.

A prominent Republican member of Congress from the South, a member of the Forty-third Congress, in conversation last Thursday with an officer of the House, declared in the most emphatic manner that the action that would probably be taken this week by the House would have an important bearing on the composition of the committees of the next Congress; that Mr. Blaine would be obliged to pledge himself not to appoint the Mobilier men, especially Dawes, Kelly, Garfield and Scofield, to any important chairmanships.

The Louisiana Bill Reported by Senator Carpenter.

The bill reported by Mr. Carpenter, from the special committee on Louisiana matters, declares the election in that State held on the 4th of November last to be null and void, and reinstates in office the State officers and Legislature who held position at that time. It further requires a new election to be held for State officers and members of the Legislature on the second Tuesday of next May, and directs William B. Woods, United States Circuit Judge for Louisiana, to proceed to Louisiana and appoint two citizens of different politics, to be State registrars, who shall cause a new registration to be made of all legally qualified voters of the State, commencing March 18 and ending ten days prior to the date of election. The State registrars are to appoint two supervisors of registration for each parish, except Jefferson and Orleans, for which a greater number are to be appointed, and in each parish the registrars are to be divided in politics. The President is empowered to employ military force on the application of the Governor of the State or the United States Circuit Judge to carry out the provisions of this act and enforce judicial process, and $300,000 is appropriated to defray the expenses of registration and election.

The Alleged Corruption in the Bond Matter.

The Atlanta CONSTITUTION alludes to certain rumors of bribery and corruption in connection with the bond question, and declares its intention to probe the matter to the bottom. The editor says:

"And to begin, let us state that it came to us from a source that we could not use, that the Savannah Morning News was the paper that had been offered a bribe of $5,000 to advocate the bond settlement. The rumor has come to us from other sources not confidential, and we now call the News to the stand to say whether the rumor is true or false."

We heartily commend the laudible efforts of our cotemporary to shed light upon this dark subject, and will cheerfully give him all the aid in our power. But we would suggest that in the probing powers, as in all researches after truth, it is well to begin in the right place. We respectfully ask the editor of THE CONSTITUTION, therefore, upon what hypothesis he calls the News to the stand. Does he mean by the above paragraph to be understood as asserting that "the Savannh Morning News" has ever declared "that it had been offered a bribe of $5,000 to advocate the bond settlement?" or that the News has made any charges of bribery against any one in connection with this matter?

When we are enlightened as to the true status of the case now under investigation, it will be time enough for the News to take the stand.—*Savannah News.*

Why not answer the question yea or nay? Why not cheerfully aid us? The important matter is the fact.

The true status of the case is plain. There is a rumor that the News was offered $5,000 to advocate the bond settlement. We have good reason to believe that the allegation that this sort of thing had been attempted with the News was to some extent used to influence legislative action on the bond settlement.

If the allegation is true it should be known that the act and its perpetrators may be held up to the scorn they deserve. If not true, a false rumor should be corrected that is complicating the discussion of a public question, and diverting attention to a false issue injurious to truth and right, and their advocates.

We respectfully submit that the News' reply appears to be child's-play.

If the rumor is true and an attempt was made to buy the New's support of the bond settlement, then the News is showing little zeal in cheerfully aiding us to explore this matter of corruption. If the rumor is false, its prompt denial is due to truth.

In evading an answer, the News either holds back an unpleasant fact that should be known, or it permits the suspicion to live without cause that a corruption has been attempted when it *has not.*

Liberal Appropriation to the State College of Agriculture and Mechaic Arts by the Citizens of Athens.

ATHENS, Ga., Feb. 21, 1873.

Editors Constitution: The citizens of Athens decided on Thursday, by a vote on this question submitted to them by the Council, to appropriate $25,000, for the purpose of building a modern laboratory now needed in the developement of the State College. This result will be gratifying to all the friends of the University and of scientific education in the State, and will in time exert a most happy influence in behalf of this character of education, so much needed by the young men of our State.

The friends who have this matter in charge have already, in addition to this appropriation, more than $9,500 subscribed with which to purchase apparatus. This amount was subscribed by the citizens of Athens.

It is designed to construct this new building for the chemical and physical laboratories, and for the drawing and model rooms of the engineer's department, and to equip it with a complete set of modern apparatus, models, machines, etc. This apparatus, it is estimated, will cost $30,000.

With the new building thoroughly equipped with apparatus, the university will possess the finest material appliances for teaching science and its applications of any institution in the Southern States.

The people of Athens deserve the thanks of the State for this liberal appropriation. It is a progressive movement that will work a new era in the history of our State University.

The Fulton Delegation.

The standard bearer of the Fulton county delegation is Hon. E. F. Hoge, of Atlanta. He is the constitutional lawyer and great champion of constitutionalism in the House. He discards all artifices of speech and rhetoric, and deals strictly with facts. He is emphatically a debater. He deals in pointed, concise, telling sentences, which always contain striking facts, and never fail of having their effect. When he is in the right his arguments admit of no rejoinder; and when in the wrong, no one succeeds better in making the worse appear the better argument. His efforts are seldom extemporaneous—that is, he seldom speaks before reflection; and when familiar with facts he seldom errs. He always has an attentive audience. His most conspicuous speech during the recent session was in aid to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, which he opposed on constitutional grounds; and, in conjunction with others, succeeded in defeating.

Hon. Clark Howell is a silent member, though strictly watchful of the interests of his section. He is a substantial and universally respected citizen of Fulton county, and as a guardian of her intrests, none will be found more faithful.

Hon. W. L. Calhoun, the junior member from Fulton, is a young lawyer of marked talent, being a distant relative of the illustrious South Carolinian. Though not very forward, he never hesitates to espouse boldly and earnestly all measures looking to the welfare of his constituents. As a speaker, he is emphatic and earnest and never uninteresting.—*Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel.*

☞ Mayor Havemeyer's definition of an average politician applies in this latitude: "Gambling all night to cheat each other, and intriguing all day to cheat the people."—*Philadelphia Press.*

OUR BALTIMORE LETTER.

The Emigration from Georgia.

The Georgia Bond Question.

Baltimore Small-pox and Doctors.

BALTIMORE, February 20, 1873.

Editors Constitution: As a friend of Georgia, I cannot but observe with sincere regret the large exodus of your population which has marked the past few months. Every laborer who emigrates being just so much deducted from the wealth-producing power of the country—increases the burdens of those who remain.

It is the interest of every citizen to arrest this migratory epidemic by all lawful means. Undoubtedly the redemption of Georgia from the rule of itinerant politicians and the re-installment in power of her native white inhabitants have had much to do with the depletion in progress. When the negroes discover that they are in a political minority so decided that their supremacy can never again be resumed, their thoughts will be turned to regions in which their own element is more powerful. When this disposition to change bases is encouraged by the promise of material advantages elsewhere, we have causes amply sufficient to explain the extensive em gration.

I perceive that propositions have been made to counteract the evil by legislation. Such efforts must fail. Even in despotic countries power cannot restrain people from changing their homes. As the mischief arises in part from moral causes you must try moral remedies. Let the minority understand that the party in power are their best friends. Instead of denouncing them as "ignorant pauper-savages" to quote the language of a well-known Georgian, make provision for their education and improvement. Teach them that no State can offer a more desirable home than Georgia. Diffuse information which shall counteract the exaggerations of alien labor brokers. By such means the ebbing tide which effects you will be checked if not entirely arrested.

You have noticed, no doubt, the report of the Poland Committee demanding the expulsion of Brooks and Ames, and censuring some other parties. Whatever may be the notion of Congress, the investigation has done good. If the highest officials of the country know that the public will spot delinquents, it will assist in strenghtening their virtue when tempted. The unblushing iniquities by which public swindlers have compassed their schemes for years past have received at least a momentary check, and we hope that Congressmen having the fear of detection before their eyes, will be more honest for some years to come.

Colfax's case is studiously ignored. But silence is acquiescent to condemnation. Who doubts that a Republican committee would have proclaimed his innocence had it been practicable for them to do so? That $1,000 Breenback sent by Mr. Nesbitt was a remarkable occurrence. Is there another merchant in New York who would send a thousand dollar note in a letter when his own check on the Bank in New York, where he resided, afforded a safe transmission? But let us not be too uncharitable. Ames says "I did," and Colfax says, "You didn't." Possibly the latter may be the truth-teller in this case. Is not truth sometimes stranger than fiction? Does not the oppertune arrival of $1,200 who explains the entry on Mr. Colfax's book illustrate this old remark. Really it is a sad sight to behold the incumbent of the second officer in the government reaching such an important conclusion at the end of his official career.

Will you allow me to express the hope that in settling the bond difficulty in your State, all other questions will be ignored save one—What is right? Nations, States and men are always safe and wise when they walk by this rule. I see that your good wise men differ. As a property holder in Georgia, I desire light taxation, but rather than have the shadow of a shade rest upon her fair fame I would cheerfully submit to increased assessments.

Our city has been suffering from a small-pox epidemic for some months past. But thanks to a kind Providence, the last mortuary reports exhibit a large abatement of the malady. No person who has been properly vaccinated needs have any apprehension of coming here at the present time. All others had better be vaccinated, whether they come or not.

The Baltimore College of Physicians and Surgeons held its first commencement a day or two ago. Though this is the first year of its history, it had seventy-three matriculates and eighteen graduates—among the number several from Georgia. The institution is thoroughly pro-Southern. Its professors are, in several instances, physicians who had long been identified with Southern institutions. Had you witnessed the enthusiasm with which the audience applauded "My Maryland" and "Dixie," when performed by the band at the recent commencement, you would not have doubted the political status of Baltimore.

X.

JUDGE TRIPPE.

The Debate on His Confirmation.

From the Augusta Chronicle.]

Senator Arnow, of the Fourth District, declared that he could not and would not vote in favor of confirmation on account of the injustice which had been done to Judge Montgomery. He characterized Judge Montgomery as a noble gentleman and a good Judge, upon whom the Governor, without any sufficient reason, had cast an unjustifiable censure by his nomination of Mr. Trippe.

Senator Reese, of the Twenty-ninth District, urged the Senate not to confirm the nomination, because the Governor had not sent in the name of the best man from the applicants for the position. While he would not utter a word in disparagement of Mr. Trippe, for whom he entertained the highest respect, he considered Colonel Bleckley, Governor Johnson and Judge Irwin all possessing higher claims for the position than Mr. Trippe. Whatever defer ence might usually be felt, by Senators for the judgment of the Executive, should not in this case be felt, as distinguished gentlemen had affirmed that Governor Smith had promised to appoint other than Mr. Trippe to this place.

Senator Simmons, of the Twenty-second District, stated that he knew Mr. Trippe well. He was an honorable gentleman, a good lawyer, and would make an excellent Judge. To reject this nomination would be to cast a stain on Mr. Trippe's fair fame.

Senator Brown, of the 39 th District, said as nothing had been said or could be said against Mr. Trippe's character or qualifications he should not be rejected. As to promises to others, said to have been made by the Governor, there must be some mistake about them. He believed that kind remarks and pleasant words had been improperly construed.

Senator Peavy, from the Thirty-sixth District, said in consideration of the importance of the office to the people of Georgia, and in further consideration of the fact that the name of the best man applying for the place had not been sent in to the Senate, the nomination of Mr. Trippe should be rejected In this matter there should be no concession, no surrender. He knew Mr. Trippe and respected him, but did not believe him to be the best man for the position.

Senator Reese said it would be no reflection upon Mr. Trippe to reject him, in order to give the appointment to such a man as Herschel V. Johnson or Logan E. Bleckley—both of whom deserved the office. He charged Governor Smith with having promised the position to others, and with having broken those promises.

Senator Wynn, of the Thirty-fourth District, replied with much fire to Senator Reese, and said that Mr. Trippe was one of the greatest men Georgia had ever produced.

The vote upon the appointment, when taken by yeas and nays, stood as follows:

For confirmation 18
Against 18

The nomination was thus rejected, but before the vote was announced, two Senators changed from nay to yea, and the result was then announced:

For confirmation 20
Against 16

If the Senators had voted without interference from outside, Mr. Trippe would have undoubtedly been rejected. Distinguished Senators inside and distinguished men outside the Senate chamber carried the nomination through by their personal appeals to members to save Mr. Trippe from the stigma of rejection.

A Chapter on the Georgia Supreme Court—By a Member of the Bar.

Editors Constitution: The Supreme Court of a Government or State, is the power that settles rules of action, and establishes principles for the ascertaining and enforcing rights among men. It is the tribunal of final resort to the people in their struggle over property, and as they rise to the more exciting issues of personal liberty, and even in the extreme and intense efforts for life itself, when that life is claimed as a penalty for the violated majesty of law.

It is, therefore, of the deepest concern not only to professional men, but to intelligent patriots and philanthropists of all classes and calling of people. Its rank in point of learning, volume of intellect, its grade in point of purity and the ground of public confidence in its direction to truth and justice, its firmness and inflexibility in adhering to the right and in maintaining the power of government, and the dignity of law, and in protecting the citizen, all fill important places in the mind, and are deeply enshrined in the affections of the people.

A government without an able Judiciary is like a man without courage and unarmed, for it has neither the will or the power to protect. A government without a pure Judiciary, is like a woman without virtue and poorly adorned, she repels where the lovely character she disgraces would please and attract. Without ability or purity, I compare the political and Judicial, to the natural world when bereft of its life sustaining elements.

In that world in which heavenly benificence has placed us, and surrounded us by objects attractive as well as repulsive, there are times when we are alike indifferent to deformity and beauty. It is when darkness pervades and the storm blasts fiercely how!—when the fragrance of flowers is replaced by the sulphurious odors, of elements saturated; and the music of birds by the resounding of terrific thunder-bolts—and the rapid flaring of forked lightning, makes us realize how bereft the material world is without heat and sunlight. Then beauty has no charms, and deformity no terrors. These are excluded from the mind and the feelings, by the contemplation of offended omnipotence and executive vengeance, even if they were not envelo ed from our vision by gross darkness.

But let the storm subside, and the thunders hush—and the Jove-hurled bolts sheathe their lightning flashes—let the glorious sun reappear with his radiant light and genial heat—Let gentle zephyrs again move over the face of reassured nature, and lure her to un old afresh her beauties, and redisplay to admiring humanity her myriad of soul-stirring jewels—and how are we awakened—how ardently alive to every gentle emotion. How sensitive to every perception of the innocent, the pure, the elegant and beautiful in their contrast with the coarse, deformed, hideous and noxious in nature's works. The imagination in returning from its rapid flights, presents to the willing mind, the conclusive impression that the sun's rays kiss more gracefully and serenely, and the zephyrs fan more soothingly the landscape and cascade, the rosebud and the diamond, the damask cheeks and heavenly forms of women, than they do the noxious in vegetation, the hideous in geological formation, the deformed in animal life, the hissing serpents, and debauched in human form around us. Then all our perceptions and appreciation of virtue, of purity and beauty return to us with gratitude to their Author. Then their contemplation is a bliss; their loveliness in harmony with the soul's aspirations—society, government, legislation and administration, and even religion, are subject to rapid and violent changes—strong light and glowing heat; darkness and blackness, the storm of passion, lust, greed for power and gain, and to repose and quiet; the peace and prosperity of enlightened philanthropy, and of patriotism regulated by reason and law.

This country of ours—the hope and boast of our fathers for constitutional liberty, has in our day swung on its political hinges from one extreme to another. Passion took the place of reason, force the place of law. Strong men quaked and trembled—some wavered with the demands of enlightened conscience, and with the claims of justice; others stood more stubbornly firm for iron rules and fixed laws. Grave Judges, whose integrity was never at a discount or in question, bent before the storm, yielded to popular demand to conform the law in its exposition to the necessities which revolution had precipitated on the country.

But the political storm seems to be subsiding, the thunders are being hushed, the sunlight is reappearing. The issues of discontent and trouble are passing away, and we hope a better era is beginning to dawn. I have never censured Judge Warner for his inflexibility against innovations and in favor of a rigid enforcement of the organic law as it bears on private contracts. I have never censured Judges Brown, McKay, Lochrane and Montgomery for what always secured to me an honest effort to relax iron rules in behalf of the people in their peculiar condition.

Now that it is past let it be buried with the past, and the extremes in society, whose opinions or interest led them to take opposite sides, and of the Court itself, bury for ever these irritating matters. Concede each that the other, though mistaken, meant well. Let us all turn our faces from the dead past, except to learn lessons of wisdom from it, and to the present and future wherein they challenge our attention and demand our action; and wherein they afford ground of hope.

The retiring Justice Montgomery carries with him the universal respect and affection of a profession whose respect and affection are worth more to a cultivated lawyer than official station.

The incoming Justice Trippe brings with him into office the same priceless jewels. The public need not be long or seriously concerned about the reasons that gave him preference in the Executive mind, and will, whether they were of political significance, personal friendship, or opinions of fitness and gratification. So we get a good Judge it is all we have a right to demand.

The shock of disappointment went to other hearts when Montgomery was placed there. But those hearts in their manhood and pride, sallied and sustained the preference of the Executive in his favor. Now let us all sustain a noble and good man, until he shows, and none of us anticipate that, he is not entitled to be sustained. PATAULA.

The Bond Question.

From the Monroe Advertiser.]

The great question for Georgians to consider, at the present time, is that of their public indebtedness, whether recognized or unrecognized. It is prominently before the leaders of public opinion and the Legislature; and it would, perhaps, be well if the masses were to give it some consideration. We have already given a full statement to the points of the compromise proposed to the State, and the leading features of the Governor's message to the Legislature. From these the reader can form his own conclusions intelligently.

Governor Smith, in his message, touched the subject "gingerly," so far as making any recommendation is concerned. He evidently intended to present the necessities of the public treasury—to be non-committal himself, and turn the problem over to the Legislature for solution. And the Legislature hesitates—is uncertain as to how the people feel on the subject. The solons are aware that the last Legislature drew a line between the regular and the irregular debt—that the people acquiesced in the decision then made and there seems to be no disposition to disturb the matter. We doubt, therefore, whether the officials at the present session will take any new step, either to compromise, or provide for the public need in any other way than by authorizing a new issue of bonds.

In the meantime the great minds of the State have been called upon for an expression of their opinions, and latterly the papers have been filled with their letters. Mr. Stephens is modestly against the settlement proposed. [This is incorrect, Mr. Stephens has not taken position.—EDS. CON.] Gen. Benning decidedly so; Hon. B. H. Hill is of opinion that the bonds were not issued by an authority legally created by the people of Georgia; but further he is not committed. Col. Campbell Wallace contents himself by saying, in effect, that existing complications interfere with the negotiation of bonds endorsed by the State—meaning that he finds it difficult to negotiate his railroad securities bearing the Governor's indorsement. On the other hand, ex-Gov. Brown and Col. James Gardner have published long letters urging the adoption of the compromise, while it is understood Gen. Toombs opposes it with his usual emphatic earnestness.

How the conflict will end, none can foresee with the least degree of certainty. We are apt to witness an able discussion of the questions involved, and with the lights that will thus be presented, the people will be able to make up their minds. When they do this we shall expect action on the part of their servants, pro or con, as the case may be, and not before.

THE CONSTITUTION'S SPECIAL

The Alleged Bribery.

THE BOAST OF A FRIEND OF CLEWS

Gen. Gordon's Credentials Presented, Etc.

WASHINGTON, February 24, 1873.

WHAT THE CONSTITUTION'S CORRESPONDENT KNOWS.

There is nothing additional to report in relation to the Bullock funds. A friend of Messrs. Henry Clews & Company boasted to a gentleman whom he thought was on his side of the bond question, that the Legislature of Georgia was fixed, and the information was communicated to your correspondent.

NO FURTHER INFORMATION.

I have no information to communicate to you in regard to the expenditure of money in Georgia by Henry Clews & Co.

GEN. GORDON'S CREDENTIALS.

The Hon. Joshua Hill has presented to the Senate the credentials of his successor, General John B. Gordon.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Dejarnettes disabilities removed.

Senator Hill presented General Gordons credentials.

During the discussion over Caldwells corruption and the proposition to postpone, Carpenter said, that the case of Louisiana did demand legislation and if not acted on at this session, there was imminent danger of civil war and bloodshed in that State. In view therefore of the very brief time left of the session he thought it was best to let this Caldwell matter go over until after March 4th, Caldwell postponed. The Agricultural College bill was discussed.

The House Judiciary Committee report that they have no jurisdiction in the Colfax, Ames and Brooks' connection with the Credit Mobilier, because the former was not Vice-President, nor Ames, nor Brooks members of the present Congress when the questionable transactions occurred. Harry Lott, (colored), of Louisiana, got $1,500 for contesting Boorman's seat.

The river and harbor bill was passed substantially as reported last Saturday night except the Yazoo river gets $40,000.

The amendment of Hayes increasing the appropriation for the Mobile harbor to $100,000 failed by one vote.

The appropriation for the Mississippi from the mouth of the Missouri to the Ohio was increased to $100,000.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Another Fatal Lamp Explosion.

INTENSE COLD THROUGHOUT THE North.

Ex-Senator Graham in Trouble, Etc

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—W. L. Scruggs' of Georgia, has been appointed Minister Resident of the United States, of Columbia, at Bogota.

The President visited the Capitol to-day and had an interview with the Committee on Privileges and Elections. It is said he urged action to relieve him of the responsibility as regards Louisiana. He made, it is said, no suggestions, but simply urged legislation.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, after hearing arguments, adheres to the ruling of October eighth, that mixing wines or purifying them is rectification.

The President sent a message to Congress urging legislation in regard to fishery matters.

PROBABILITIES.

On Tuesday there will be for the Eastern States continued northwest winds with rising temperature; for the Middle States, diminishing northwest winds and rising temperature; for the South Atlantic States, continued low temperature with northwest winds veering to northeast during the day with rising temperature; on Tuesday night an area of low barometer will develop in Texas and northward to the Missouri river with easterly winds and cloudy and threatening weather, from Kentucky to the Gulf coast, northwest winds veering to northeast with rising temperature from the upper lakes to Dakotah.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, February 24.—Catherane Rezan was fatally, and her father and sister were severely burned by a lamp explosion.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, February 24.—The thermometer throughout Maine and New Hampshire ranges from 20 to 30 degrees below zero.

New York mails have been detained on account of heavy snow storms.

Ex-Senator Graham, President of the Walking Bank, is held in fifty thousand dollars bail for embezzlement.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, February 24.—The Governor has issued his proclamation declaring Snyder elected to Congress from the 2d District.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, February 24.—The conservatives, after a long debate, made the main fight against the ministry over the education bill.

Rev. Thomas Goisthery, the English author, is dead.

A Times' special says Prince Gortschakoff is about to submit to the government of Great Britain a proposal for a special Anglo-Russian Commission to settle the boundaries of Afghanistan.

The Russian Government has advices warranting the announcement that the Khedive will shortly sue for peace.

A special dispatch from Berlin to the Times this A. M. says the Russian government is hurrying forward large reinforcements to Turkestan.

It is also announced that all Khoves merchants are withdrawing from Orenburg for fear that a continuance of the Khevan war will bring them into bad relations with the authorities at Moscow.

The Gazette hints that the establishment of a neutral zone with Afghanistan, as the interme diatory between Great Britain and Russia, will accelerate instead of preventing a collision between those powers, which is now apprehended.

Snow throughout England.

NEVER FILLS OUT HIS TERM.—The Chicago Evening Journal relates the following of the present Governor of Illinois: "No sooner did General John L. Beveridge return from the war, in which he was a gallant cavalry officer, than he was nominated for Sheriff of this county and elected. Before his term of Sheriff had expired he was elected State Senator. Before his office of Senator had expired he was nominated and elected Congressman for the State at large, to fill the vacancy cause d by General Logan's resignation. Last fall, before his term of Congressman had expired, he was nominated and elected Lieutenant-Governor, which position he entered upon two weeks ago. Now, Governor Oglesby having resigned, General Beveridge becomes Governor of the State. Verily, he is one of the luckiest men, politically, in the United States."

☞ Said Talleyrand, after coming from Alexander Hamilton's house in 1796, "I have seen an eighth wonder of the world—a man who has made the fortune of a nation laboring all night to support a family."

THE WINGED MAN.

Paglin, the Bird-man of Auvergne—A Singular Story.

Paris has a *Jeune Mercure Scientifique*, and if all its articles are as startling as a recent contribution from the pen of Mr. Harmonis-Condamine, it certainly has good claims to notice. The gentleman has discovered actual evidences of a new departure among the human race, by which man is eventually to take to himself wings and fly through the air. The application of faith in the Darwinian theory of the selection of species to the phenomenon that Mr. Harnois-Condamine describes as all that is necessary to forecast an ostrich-like creature as the coming man, half-striding, half-flying through the world. The addition of wings to the arms will, of course, make them negris instead of ostriches. It was in the mountains of Auvergne that the embodiment of the first evidences of the new departure was discovered. His name was Andre Paglin. He was an athlete, a famous swimmer, and a great walker. He appeared to walk as much with his arms as with his legs. The motion of the arms increased as he ran, until, as he is described, "he seemed to be equally propelling himself through the air like a swimmer who goes through the water hand over hand." He insisted that this increased his speed.

When Andre died, M. Hernois Condamine, assisted by M. Braviss, a physician of the conservative school, dissected his body. Abnormal develepements were found, which, taken separately, might be regarded as deformities, but, together, pointed directly to a new type—the bird type. The arm was certainly the beginning of the framework of a wing, according to these gentlemen. The formation of the breast, the lengthening of the shoulder-blade, the inclosure of the thorax, and various other developments indicated the same ultimate condition of a human being with wings. At his death, Paglin left a child about a year old that shows the same developments in a more pronounced degree, with two additional features of the bird type.

One of those is a distinctly marked though rudimentary third eyelid; the other is a loose and a flappy mass of skin that folds back of the arm when this member is at rest. These additions indicate rapid advances in the process of developing the new species that is promised. This process would naturally be gradual, and take its slow course through marriage and offspring. It is claimed that the strength of the muscle required is not near so great as has been estimated in the past, and that elasticity is quite as important an adjunct. The developments that have been noted are of a particularly elastic quality. Mr. Harnois Condamine proposes to undertake the education of this child, probably for the purpose of bringing it up as it should fly.

Modern Piano-Playing.

This is how Oliver Wendell Holmes saw the piano played:

"It was a young woman with as many white flounces around her as the planet Saturn has rings, that did it. She gave the music stool a twirl or two and buffed down on it like a twirl of soapsuds in a hand basin. Then she pushed off her cuffs as if she was going to fight for the champion's belt. Then she worked her wrists and hands to limber 'em, I suppose, and spread out her fingers till they looked as though they would pretty much cover the keyboard from the growling end down to the little squeaky one. Then those two hands of hers made a jump at the keys as if they were tigers coming down on a flock of white sheep, and the piano gave a great howl as if its tail had been tread on. Dead stop—so still you could hear your hair growing. Then another howl, as if the piano had got two tails, and you had trod on both of 'em at once; and then a great clatter and scramble, and strings of jumps, up and down, back and forward, one hand over the other, like a stampede of rats and mice more than like anything I call music.

An English Woman's Experience in an American Sleeping Car.

Journeying to Boston from Washington, the authoress had her berth made into a bed, and, divesting herself of her outer garments, retired behind the curtain and slept until daybreak. "I knew," she proceeds, "that at each end of the car there was a toilet room, with marble basins and washing paraphernalia. I put my head out between the opening of the curtain to see if the place was unoccupied, when, to my amazement, what should meet eye, all the way up and down the narrow corridor, but stockinged—no, I mean socked—feet struggling into boots of the most decidedly masculine 'persuasion.' As I was contemplating the possibility of threading my way through this novel living hedge, I came to the knowledge that I was the only lady in the car, and that, unknown and unprotected, I had been passing the night in the most ignorant and helpless security with about twenty men. In any other country, this discovery would have been horrifying in itself, and extremely disagreeable in its results; but, short as my experience of American chivalry had been, it was quite sufficient for me to know that I had absolutely nothing to feel uncomfortable about. Most of the gentlemen did me the honor to ignore my presence completely, thereby making me feel very much assured; those that did not neither stared nor spoken; but as the train slackened at the Jersey City station two of them helped me down the steps of the platform, and, one taking my shawls and the other my hand-bag, said, 'Allow me, madam, to see you to the ferry,' whither they accompanied me and bowed themselves off."

☞ The roll of purchased seats in the Senate, according to the Chicago Tribune, now includes Caldwell, of Kansas; Clayton, of Arkansas; Harlan, of Iowa; Ramsey and Windom, of Minnesota; Hitchcock, of Nebraska; Carpenter, of Wisconsin, and Cameron, of Pennsylvania. These gentlemen are to be re inforced on March 4, by Sargent, of California; Mitchell, of Oregon; Patterson, of South Carolina, and Jones, of Nevada; and these are only those who have been found out.

☞ Society men in Boston do not waltz with blondes and brunettes the same evening this winter. They think the mixture of different tints of powder on their dress coats is too picturesque.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

The receipts for the first day this week are 28,725 bales.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Cotton nominal; middling uplands 20½; Orleans 21¼; sales 154 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to-day 2,000 bales, gross 12,253.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day 11,500 bales as follows: February, 20 5-16a 20½, March, 20⅝a20 9-16, April, 20¾a20½, May, 21a21⅛, June, 21⅛a21¼.

Flour dull. Whisky steady. Wheat dull heavy. Corn heavy and lower—new mixed western 65a66. Pork firmer at 13. Beef dull. Lard 8 7-16a8 9-16. Turpentine 47½a48. Rosin $3 60.

Money active and stringent. Exchange 81a83. Gold 144a144. 8s 18 1-2; 6s 15½; new five 13½. State dull and steady.

WILMINGTON, February 24.—Cotton—net receipts 248; sales 3,832.

BALTIMORE, February 24.—Cotton—net receipts 70; exports to Great Britain 775; coastwise 105; sales 115; stock 9,774.

GALVESTON, February 24.—Cotton—net receipts 2,265 bales, exports coastwise 160; sales 1,000; stock 77,300.

AUGUSTA, February 24.—Cotton—net receipts 408 bales; sales 217.

NEW ORLEANS, February 24.—Cotton in moderate demand; good ordinary 17½; low middlings 18¾; middlings 19½; net receipts 20,741 bales; gross 21,318; sales to-day 1,500—last evening 8,500; stock 200,668.

LIVERPOOL, February 24, 5 P. M.—Cotton closed steady; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; the sales include 1,000 Americans.

LONDON, February 24.—Spirits of petroleum 17s to 18s.

MEMPHIS, February 24.—Cotton—receipts 4,307 bales; shipments 2,221; stock 31,476.

BOSTON, February 24.—Gross receipts 733 bales; sales 300; stock 8,000.

CHARLESTON, February 24.—Cotton—net receipts 1,007 bales; exports coastwise 2,704; sales 600; stock 26,000.

LOUISVILLE, February 24.—Flour in moderate inquiry; extra family $7 50. Corn in good demand; mixed 46; white 42. Pork $14. Bacon fair demand; shoulders 6; clear rib sides 8; clear sides 8½. Lard steady at 8½; choice leaf in tierces 9¼a9½; keg, steam, 9¾. Whisky steady at 87.

CINCINNATI, February 24.—Flour dull and a shade lower at $7 75a8 10. Corn quiet at 50a50. Provisions steady. Pork steady at $13 00. Lard 7¾a7¾; kettle steady 8. Bacon steady. Sides. Shoulders 7¾a7¾. Clear rib sides 7¾a8. Whisky steady at 88.

SAVANNAH, February 24.—Cotton—receipts 1,667 bales; exports coastwise 520; sales 200; stock 29,954.

NORFOLK, February 24.—Cotton—net receipts 1,229 bales; exports coastwise 1,455; sales 183; stock 8,198.

MOBILE, February 24.—Cotton—net receipts 197 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,605, Continent 2,385; coastwise 260—11 lost overboard, coming out; sales 800; stock 46,440.

ST. LOUIS, February 24.—Flour quiet and weak; superfine winter, 5 25a5 50. Corn dull and drooping at 33½a33 No. 2, mixed, in elevator. Whisky dull at 81. Pork firm at $13 75. Bacon firm; clear sides 8; buyers for March, jobbing and order lots higher, at 6; shoulders, 7¾a8; clear rib sides, 8a8½; c ear sides, low and steady at 7¾ to seller for March.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

MONTEITH The friends and acquaintances of Captain R. and Mrs. E. Monteith are invited to attend the funeral of the former, from their residence on Butler street, between Gil

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1873.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—See the card of Armstrong, Cator & Co.

Adair & Brothers have choice sed rust proof oats.

Dr. Goss, an old physician, has an office at the corner of Broad and Marietta streets.

Read the prospectus of the Georgia Home Journal at Madison.

See estray notice by John B. Stewart, Ordinary of DeKalb county.

See legal notice by Ordinary of Dade county.

Don't fail to read the advertisement of Jackson's magic balsam.

THOMPSON'S is still the fashionable resort.

MAYSON has a large and attractive auction sale this morning.

ANOTHER cistern is being dug on Alabama street, by Ladd's coal yard.

SEED OATS.—Adair & Brothers have three hundred bushels of choice rust proof oats for sale.

JOHN TEMPLETON, the old manager, with the charming Miss Alice Vane and Company, are meeting with success at Key West, Florida.

LENT is approaching and eggs are rather scarce in the market. The old hens must quit standing around barnyards' doing nothing.

LIKE TO HAVE BEEN SERIOUS.—On Sunday a little child, twelve months old, near the Rolling Mill, came very near losing its life by getting a fish bone fastened in its throat.

The books of subscription to the capital stock of the Real Estate Savings Bank of Stone Mountain were opened yesterday at the store of B. F. Veal & Co.

COMING SOUTH.—We understand that Olive Logan is preparing for a Southern tour. Not decided yet as to whether Atlanta will be one of the points visited by her. She has two lectures for delivery—"Successful People" and "The Passions."

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.—We invite attention to the card of that "old reliable" firm, Armstrong, Cator & Co., dealers in Ribbons, Millinery and Straw Goods. Their business enterprise and integrity are as familiar as "household words," and words of commendation are as superfluous as to "gild refined gold" or paint the lily."

MISTAKE.—A day or two since the supposition was, that the winter was broken—that spring would soon be here, when blue birds, dandelions, circasses, violets, and hand-organs, would sing, shine, show, perfume, and shriek, that brighter days were coming. But the weather went back on us yesterday and hard frozen ground and ice were plentiful.

TRADE.—There was a steady trade during the past week in all branches of business, with considerable activity in meats, grain and hay. Oats for planting are in large request, with small stock of either black or white.

The stock of corn and hay is small, and all arrivals are taken up by orders standing over.

Meats are very firm and a further advance is looked for during the present week.

We notice in our price current an advance in flour.

A BEAUTIFUL DESK.—A few days since we saw a most beautiful desk before shipping, which is now up Washington on its way to the World's Fair in Europe. The United States Government takes charge of it. The Desk is of the Haywacke patent manufactured in this city by Mr. Willis Haymaker, and we do not believe that it will be surpassed by school furniture at the great Fair. We think that Atlanta will bear off the palm.

SOCIETY NEWS.—Private theatricals are becoming fashionable.

Miss Mary Ralston, a native of Iowa, is one of the belles at Washington. Her back hair is sixty-five inches long.

New York abjures visiting cards, a gorgeously bound book being kept on the hall table of every house for the visitor to write his name.

There is a strong movement on foot in society to make the hours of social entertainment earlier. There is no good reason whatever for the late hours kept by society, and they are ruinous to health

FASHION NEWS.—Arenial green is in fashion again for ladies toilettes.

The polonaise promises to continue worn through the spring.

Black silk stockings are a fashionable rage. Blue stockings also.

Fashionable young ladies are wearing a wide ruching of tulle about the neck a la Marie Antoinette.

Tight fitting sleeveless racques of white cashmere, heavily embroidered in black or colors, are the latest styles of opera cloaks.

MURDER.—A murder occurred in Walton county on Friday last (21st). A Mr. Milton Stringer was killed by a young Mr. James Allen. We have not the full particulars. Our informant states that it occurred at a grocery. That a brother of Mr. Allen was engaged in a fight or difficulty, and Mr. Stringer is attempting to separate the parties or to quell the matter was killed by Mr. James Allen with a knife. His throat was cut in two places. Mr. Allen has made his escape. Mr. Stringer came to Walton county but a short time ago, either from Gainesville or Lawrenceville, and was highly esteemed.

A RUNAWAY.—The big gray horse attached to the dray belonging to Messrs. Allen & Paine, took offense at something that was done in the coal and wood-yard on Decatur street, yesterday afternoon, and departed while his dray was in process of being loaded. Of course the dray went with him, and the way Decatur street was sprinkled with wood and coal was a caution to the inhabitants around there, and a blessing to the juvenile fuel dealers. Nets, awnings, etc., attempted in vain to resist the onward fury of his career, and went down before him like grain before the mower.

The Willingham building was divested of its front ornamentation and grievous damage done to posts, etc., in the vicinity. There is no telling where that horse would have been by now, had he only kept to the road, but his evil genius prompted him to take to the sidewalk, where horse pride had an awful fall, for his feet slipped from under him and his mighty form came thundering to the earth. Strong hands secured him before he could rise again, and he was marched off, dragging mournfully behind him a shattered remnant of the defunct dray, and a saddler, if not a worse horse.

THE COURTS.

United States Commissioner's Court.

The case of the United States against Isaac Pass, of Paulding county, charged with the offence of distilling and selling whisky without paying the special tax required by law, came up before Commissioner W. H. Smith yesterday for preliminary examination. After a full hearing the prisoner was committed to jail in default of a bond of $700 00.

Commissioner John L. Conly yesterday gave a hearing to William Hunt, also of Paulding county, and charged with carrying on the business of a retail dealer in whisky without paying the tax required by the revenue law therefor. The defendant was committed to jail in default of a bond of $500.

A man by the name of Marth, who is an important witness for the Government in this case, was required to give a bond of $50 to insure his appearance at the next term of the Federal Court to testify.

Station House Report.

We have but three arrests by the police to chronicle for yesterday. This shows a very good beginning for the week on the part of our law breakers, and it is to be hoped that it will continue.

DEGIVES.—We had the pleasure of a call last evening from Frank Arthur, the genial and gentlemanly agent of John E. Owen's Company. This great comedian with his matchless drolleries and eccentricities, has too much national reputation to require newspaper commendation, and hence it only remains to be said that he will inaugurate a short comic season at DeGives on Friday night, in those characters he has made so famous. Mr. Owens will come supported by his own company, numbering sixteen, who left New York with him, and who have been with him all the time. Miss F. E. Gordon, the leading lady, who won golden opinions everywhere by her beauty, graceful stage appearance, magnificent costumes, and excellent acting. Miss Flood, Mr. Benn, in fact, the entire company come with the most flattering notices. The sale of seats commences at Messrs. Phillips & Crew's this morning.

Mr. Owens acted in Memphis a few weeks ago, and the following extract from the Appeal will give an estimate of the favor in which he is held there:

"The great comedian is holding high carnival at his house, now thoroughly established in the confidence of our people. He has been playing to crowded houses every night, and every night has left a fresh impress of his genius for comedy in the minds of his audience. He has taken the town by storm, and holds it by the comic power he wields so well. He is irresistible. His presence is the signal for laughter, and such is his influence that even the sneers pay tribute to his mimicry, and passing the bounds of stage propriety, laugh for perhaps the thousandth time."

Mr. Owens will be seen on Friday night, as Julius Butterly, in the comedy entitled the "Victims," to "fine" ude with his great specialty of "Stolen Shingle."

JACKSON'S MAGIC BALSAM.—We invite attention to the advertisement of Jackson's Magic Balsam, the great master of Pain. It is said to be a sure cure for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, sprains, sore throat, coughs, colds, sore chest, sciatic pains, cramp-colic, etc.

MR. P. VAN ALSTINE, of Barnesville, is the proprietor. He guarantees five one dollar bottles to cure the worst case of the Rheumatism on record. The Balsam is worth the trial.

ULSTER COUNTY GAZETTE is the name of a copy of an old newspaper before us, published at Kingston, Ulster county, New York, January, 6th, 1800, by Samuel Freer & Son. It is in mourning for General Washington. In its reading matter it contains the address of Mr. Marshall in the House of Representatives, December 19th, announcing the death of Washington, and the resolutions offered by him and adopted. The address to President Adams announcing the death of Washington, and his speech to the Senate on the occasion; It also contains an account of the burial of Washington, a description of the coffin, the inscriptions on it, the procession and a list of the pall bearers. It also contains some foreign war news. In its advertising columns we find the following: "For sale a stout, health, active negro wench. Any person intending to purchase will apply to John Shoonmaker, Jr., at Rochester.

WE the paper we are indebted to Mr. G. Salomia, dealer in second-hand clothing, Decatur street next door to the Austell building.

LIVE JOURNALISM.—One of our contemporaries who boasts of its live character, in its last issue pretended to give a list of Judges of the Superior Courts and Solicitor Generals. To show that it is up with the times we cite a few instances.

Atlanta Circuit—Evan P. Howell, Solicitor General pro tem.

Cherokee Circuit—Josiah R. Parrott, Judge.

Augusta Circuit—H. Clay Foster, Solicitor General.

Tallapoosa Circuit—W. P. Wright, Judge; W. A. Adams, Solicitor General.

We in Atlanta have been foolish enough to think J. Tom Glenn, Solicitor General. We have heard that Judge Parrott died some time ago, and that C. D. McCutchen was in his stead.

We have a distinct recollection of meeting Mr. H. Clay Foster in the House of Representatives as a member from Richmond. At that time he was under the belief that Davenport Jackson was Solicitor General of the Augusta Circuit.

Hon. W. P. Wright is at present a resident of Atlanta; when he moved from Newnan Hon. Hugh Buchanan was generally accredited to be Judge of the Tallapoosa Circuit. Governor Smith is of the opinion that A. H. Cox is Solicitor General as he appointed him, and Mr. Adams' friends labor under the impression that Mr. A. died some time ago.

Manufacturers Removing from Atlanta to Chattanooga.

Few of our people realize that we offer advantages for the manufacturers of flour that are drawing to us capital and trades from our sister cities. This remark is illustrated by the fact that the firm of J. E. Whitney & Co., late of Atlanta, Ga., have purchased the Lookout Mills, located in "Station Town." For the reason that we were requested not to mention the transfer at the time, we did not do so. The public now have the right to the news, and this must be our apology for noticing it. We have unsuccessfully endeavored to interview members of this firm as to the influences, freights, etc., causing them to sell their Atlanta mill "The Empire Flour Mill," and the removal of their capital and families to this city. A general statement, that "we can make flour here fifty cents a barrel cheaper than in Marietta or Atlanta," is about all the answer they now seem willing to give the public. We learn from persons who profess to know that the Lookout Mills are now producing eighty barrels of flour a day, running only twelve. That this mill can be made to produce 250 barrels in twenty-four hours, and that machinery has or will be ordered to increase the product to that extent. About $50,000 is now invested in this mill, and it is proposed to increase it during next summer, as soon as their capital can be drawn out of Atlanta for that purpose, to the amount of seventy five thousand dollars. This firm is composed of Joel E. Whitney, a native of Maine, who lived fifteen years at St. Paul, Min., and who *passed* by Chattanooga, two years ago, on account of the health of members of his family. Whilst in Atlanta, he went into the Empire Mills, with his present partner. The other member of the firm, Merritt A. Gee, is a native of Vermont, who for 12 or 15 years lived in Milwaukie, Wisconsin, and who went to Atlanta about two years since on account of the health of his family. Mr. Gee is a practical mill manager, and a miller of more than 25 years' experience. These gentlemen are active, quiet, business men and have the appearance of having that "snap" so much valued by our people.

We promise our readers when this firm feels a little more communicative, to get of them the facts and figures necessary to compare the Atlanta flour manufacturing trade with that of Chattanooga.

In the name of our people we welcome all such "live men." We sympathize with our sister Atlanta, and regret that the people have made a mistake in inducing clever men to invest their money in manufacturing there. This new firm has removed here after a fair trial of Atlanta. Schofield's mill and other enterprises now paralyzed and losing money in Atlanta, will follow. The "Mercantile Law" of the situation is against Atlanta in the manufacturing business.—*Chattanooga Times.*

MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION.—The regular meeting of the Manufacturers' Association was held last night.

Major Lou L. Parham, of the Commercial Advertiser, submitted the report of the special committee to draft an address to the people, setting forth the objects and aims of the association.

Mr. LeDuc, offered a resolution authorizing the Secretary to have 250 copies of the Constitution and By-Laws and Rules printed, which was adopted.

Dr. S. C. Hitchcock offered a resolution that the President appoint a committee of three to report at the next meeting on the practicability of organizing a cotton factory in this city, which after several lengthy talks, was adopted.

Mr. David McBride thought there were hundreds who would invest in it if they could see five per cent. per month in it.

Mr. J. C. Kimball said that water and cheap coal were essential. He considered water-works and the building of the Georgia Western Railroad of prime importance.

President Peck stated that a charter was obtained three years ago for a cotton factory; $100,000 was subscribed, but as they wished $200,000 it failed.

Col. L. P. Grant, R. Peters, J. A. Hayden were among the Directors. Dr. Boseman was Treasurer. $1,000,000 invested in manufactures would double our population. Mr. Clark thought that there was an abundance of water underneath Atlanta.

Mr. Peterson said that the profits on a 200 loom factory was $800 per week

When this reporter left Dr. Hitchcock was discussing a resolution offered by himself in effect that $1,000,000 invested in manufactures was worth more than that much invested in the Georgia Western Railroad.

We favor the Manufacturers' Association, but in view of the facts set forth in the article clipped from the Chattanooga Times, we suggest that something more is needed than the squandering of time in speechifying. In two hours much may be done.

Some one ought to lecture on the "Value of Time."

Committee on Cotton Factory—Hitchcock, Murphy, Peterson.

S. C. Clark moved that a committee be appointed to report on the feasibility of manufacturing cotton seed oil and fertilizers in Atlanta.

Committee—Clark, Longly and Kimball.

Adjourned to meet on Monday night next, March 3, 1873.

PREACHING THE GOSPEL.

A Practical Missionary Sermon.

By Rev. E. W. Warren, Pastor First Baptist Church, Sunday, February 23d, 1873.

Text—16 Chapter Mark, 15 verse.—"Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature." This was the last command that Jesus gave to His disciples. They looked at Him the last time for a memento, as expression that they would have to think of. They were doubtless waiting with great anxiety to hear something comforting, but He was not sad at the thought of separation. The thought of bringing the world to His feet and fulfilling His mission were upon His mind.

This was a remark of some significance. Do not wait for them to come to you, but go into all the world. All nations are to bring their tribute to the Redeemer.

PREACH MY GOSPEL TO EVERY CREATURE.

Every one has a jewel that is precious to God. Go to the wise and ignorant, the rich and poor, and to the good and bad. When the Apostles heard this command, they did not understand it. They understood that they were to go into all Palestine, and to preach to every Israelite. They were anti-foreign missionaries, and the doubt remains in the minds of a great many yet that the commandment was to go into all the world.

Peter was an anti-foreign missionary. So special cut was he in his determination not to preach to any but the Jews, and so strong his opposition that God wrought a miracle to convince him of the extent of His command. He told Constantine to send for Peter and he would come and tell him what he ought to do. And about the same time Peter went on the house-top to pray and fell into a trance, in which he

SAW HEAVEN OPENED

and a vessel descending filled with all manner of beasts, creeping things and fowls of the air. And a voice said: "Rise, Peter, kill and eat. But Peter said, not so Lord, for I have never eaten anything common or unclean." He thought the Gentiles were morally and ceremonially defiled. The voice said: "What God hath cleansed that call not thou unclean." The Lord had to tell him positively and unequivo-

Local and Business Notices.

NEW COTTAGE for rent low, on Rawson street. J. R. KENDRICK.
feb20—dtf

FRESH SHAD! Fresh Shad!! received every day by T. L. WELLS.
feb11—dtf

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Hair Dye; no ridiculous tints, no disappointment, harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown; at all druggists, and 16 Bond street, New York. feb5-deodly.

SHAD! Shad!! Shad!!! received daily by T. L. WELLS.
feb11-dtf

OH SHAD! Shad, oh! Received every day by T. L. WELLS.
feb11—dtf

CALL at T. L. Wells' and get a nice fresh Shad. feb11-dtf

The Great Clothing House of EISEMAN & BRO., is at 56 Whitehall st., The Largest Establishment, The Largest Stock, The most Extensive Variety, The very Lowest Prices
dec23—dtf

"GOING LIKE HOT CAKES"—Those nice, fresh Shad at T. L. WELLS'.
feb11—dtf

GRAND RUSH on Whitehall street to T. L. Wells' to get a nice, fresh Shad!
feb11—dtf

Citizens Bank of Georgia,
Authorized Capital $1,000,000
BANKING ROOM!
REPUBLIC BLOCK, Atlanta.
DOES a General Banking Business of DISCOUNT AND DEPOSITE, Buys and sells Exchange, and makes Collections on all parts of the country.
JOHN T. GRANT, President.
PERINO BROWN, Cashier. jan1-dtf

NEW HOTEL
PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.
W. Jackson House
is now open to the Traveling Public.
jan15-dtf W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

FOR SALE,
Choice Hotel,
Rome, Ga.
The Cheapest Property in the State!!

THIS is one of the best places of property in Upper Georgia. It is a first class BRICK BUILDING, three stories high, with 35 rooms, including a good Store, Bar and Billiard Room. The size of the Lot is 115 feet on Broad street by 200 feet on Bridge street.

It is less tedious in the center of the city, only 40 yards from the City Hall, and 60 yards from the Court House.

The Store and Bar and Billiard Room can be rented for more than enough to pay the interest on the entire price of the Property.

Second improvements have been made and the House is now in perfect order and

Apply to J. C. HAWLINS Proprietor.

ALSO FOR SALE,

A Beautiful Suburban Residence, with 25 Acres of Rich Land.

I also offer for sale my residence in Forestville. The Dwelling is a substantial wood building, two stories, well finished and painted inside and out, with eight rooms, besides kitchen and cellar. The outbuildings consisting of carriage house, stables, etc., are adequate and in good condition. This place is situated only 50 yards from the city limits and 1¼ miles from the Court House.

There are 25 acres of the richest kind of upland belonging to the place, lying beautifully, and the surroundings are all of a pleasant character. This is a delightful situation for any one who wants an elegant suburban Home, with all the advantages, such as churches, schools, etc., that pertain to the city, and yet the free breathing, quiet and retirement of the country.

This place will be sold very cheap for cash; or, with a reasonable addition for half cash and balance in one year. Address
nov17-dtf J. C. HAWLINS, Rome, Ga.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Honorable, the Fifth Circuit Court of the United States, for the Southern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, Harvey W Lathrop, in the following case, to-wit:

Harvey W. Lathrop versus David A. Vason.

I have levied upon, as the property of defendant, lot of land number (104) one hundred and four, in the 6th district, 3d section, originally Cherokee, now Floyd county, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, and lot of land in the 6th district, 3d section, originally Cherokee, now Floyd county, Georgia, being part of lots of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 10 Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 9, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

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Also, lot number 11, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 12, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

First Tuesday in March

next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, February 1st, 1873.

WILLIAM H. SMITH, United States Marshal.
feb15-w5w

BARLOW HOUSE,
AMERICUS, GEORGIA.
WILEY JONES.....Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor defies himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can please all who may favor him with a call. The house is kept open from 6 A. M. to 10 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house. april-dtf

THE YANCY HOTEL,
BY MISS E. C. YANCY, LATE OF VIRGINIA.

WOULD respectfully inform her many friends and patrons of the Dooly House, that she has re-opened the same under the Yancy Hotel, in Macon, Georgia, (Cotton Avenue between the Methodist Church,) where she would be pleased to see her old friends and the traveling public. She promises that nothing will be left undone to make guests comfortable.
jan8-dtf Prof. Wm. WELLS, Clerk.

Anderson & Wells.

IN STORE.

13 Two-Horse Spring Wagon.

7 Two-Horse Indianapolis Wagons.

4 Two-Horse Hudson Wagons.

2 Bbls White Onion Sets.

2 Bbls Red Onion Sets.

3 Bbls Yellow Onion Sets.

3 Bls Red Onion Buttons.

50 Indianapolis Wood Pumps for shallow and Deep Wells.

50 Watt, 1 and 2 Horse Plows.

100 Other Make Plows.

Clover Seed.

BLUE GRASS SEED.

TIMOTHY SEED.

Orchard Grass Seed.

Rust Proof Oats.

RYE.

Seed Wheat.

Feed Cutters,

Corn Shellers, etc., etc.

In store and to arrive, for sale low. Call and examine our Stock.

AGENTS FOR

Pendleton Guano.

Farmers' Choice Guano.

Simpson & Lampkin's Texas Cotton Press.

H. & P. Blandy's Engines and Saw Mills

Ball's Ohio Reapers and Mowers.

Threshers—Pitts' Threshers.

To arrive next week, Twenty-Four One and Two-Horse Wagons—Studebaker Wagons.

ANDERSON & WELLS.
Alabama street, near Car Shed.
dec1-dtf

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE issued out of the Honorable, the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, Chas. N. Featherstone, Assignee, in the following case, to-wit:

Chas. N. Featherstone, Assignee, versus P. M. Sheibley and David Gammage.

I have levied upon, as the property of the said defendants, one certain tract of land known as the Sheibley farm, containing lying and being in the 32d district, and 3d section, of originally Cherokee, now Floyd county, Georgia, being part of lots of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 10 Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 9, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

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Also, lot number 11, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

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Also, lot number 13, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 14, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 15, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 16, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 17, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 18, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 19, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 20, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 21, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 22, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 23, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 24, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 25, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 26, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 27, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 28, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 29, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 30, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 31, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 32, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 33, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 34, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 35, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 36, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 37, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 38, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 39, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 40, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 41, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in Rowan district, Cass (now Bartow) county, Georgia, being part of lot of land number (87) as described in a deed made to E. A. Stewart by J. B. Underwood, Trustee and Guardian for said Berrian orphans, containing two hundred and seventy-six acres, more or less.

Also, lot number 42, Frontleg on Etowah street, and running back to Lincoln street, except a lot owned and occupied on June 15, 1871, by James B. Flood, known as the Hewlett property, in

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

JOE JONES.

[PARODY ON "SUE SALLY."]

Don't you remember lame Sally, *Joe Jones?*
Lame Sally, whose nose was so brown!
Who look'd like a clam if you gave her a smile,
And went into a fit at a frown?
In the old goose pond in the orchard, *Joe Jones,*
Where the goslings are learning to swim,
Lame Sally went fishing one wet, windy day,
And there by mistake tumbled in.

Under old Sim's brush heaps, *Joe Jones,*
That winds at the foot of the hill,
Together we've set in the old cider go round,
Grinding cider at Appleton's mill.
The mill-wheel is even wood now, *Joe Jones,*
The rafters fell on to a cow,
And the weasels and rats that crawl round as you gaze,
Are the lords of the cider-mill now.

Do you remember the pig-shed I dug, *Joe Jones,*
That stood on the path to the barn?
And the shirt-button trees, where they grow on the bough,
Which we sewed on our jackets with yarn?
The pig-pen has gone to decay, *Joe Jones,*
And the lightning the tree overcome;
And down where the onions and carrots once grew,
Grow thistles as big as your thumb.

Don't you remember the school, *Joe Jones?*
And the master who wore the old wig?
And the shady nook by the crook of the brook,
Where we played with Aunt Catharine's pig?
Mice live in the master's wig, *Joe Jones,*
The brook with the crook is now dry—
And the boys and the girls that were p aying then,
Have grown up over so high.

There is a change in the things I love, *Joe Jones,*
They have changed from the good to the bad—
And I feel in my stomach, I tell you the truth,
I'd like to go home to my dad.
Twelve times twelve months have passed, *Joe Jones,*
Since I knocked off your nose with a ball,
And yet I believe I'm your own true friend,
Joe Jones of the Hurricane Gale!

KING FERDINAND'S YANKEE WIFE

From a Shoe Shop to a Royal Palace—What "Her Majesty" did in New York.

It is not generally known that one of the Queens of Europe at the present time is an American lady of decidedly humble decent. She is the wife of King Ferdinand, of Portugal, who, finding the duties of his office uncongenial to his retiring tastes, abdicated a few years ago, and making, during a trip to Paris, the acquaintance of a very good-looking actress, offered her his heart and hand, which she joyfully accepted. They were married with considerable pomp at Lisbon, and the actress, though she as no reigning Queen, is treated by her royal relatives with all the respect due to her husband's exalted rank, and she is addressed as "my sister" by Queen Maria Pia, the daughter of Victor Emanuel, and as "Her Majesty" by her attendants and servants.

King Ferdinand's wife was born in 1840, in Boston, where her father was a poor German shoemaker, and she has many acquaintances in New York. Her name previous to her marriage was Eliza Hensler. She attended the public schools of her native city until she was fourteen years of age. She was then a beautiful, rosy-cheeked girl, with large blue eyes, and a wealth of golden ringlets. Moreover, she possessed a very fine voice, and an operatic manager who had heard her sing at a school examination, prevailed upon her old father to let him send her to a renowned music teacher and have her prepared for the stage. The old man joyfully consented. Young Eliza proved a very excellent pupil, and two years afterwards she made her *debut* in this city, at the Academy of Music, in Arditi's opera "The Spy." Although Mme. Lagrange sang in the same piece, Miss Hensler achieved a decided success, and was engaged for the season. Her brother, or cousin, who had enabled her to appear at the Academy of Music, was at that time leader of the chorus, and remained in that position for several years afterwards.

In 1858 Miss Hensler returned to Boston and appeared there on the stage with decided success. She then went to Paris to study by her profession more thoroughly under Auber and Thomas, and sang repeatedly at the Grand Opera, without, however, meeting with much encouragement. She was glad to accept an engagement at the royal opera of Lisbon, where she sang for several years, and became a great favorite of the public. It was there, already, perhaps, that King Ferdinand became acquainted with and enamored of her; but the King's first wife was then alive, and it was not until after her death that he made advances to Miss Eliza Hensler, who had meanwhile returned to Paris, where she made a somewhat precarious living by giving music lessons, a severe cold having greatly impaired the beauty and strength of her voice.

Her royal husband is said to be exceedingly fond of his Boston wife. They have two children, and their happiness is much commented upon in Lisbon, where it is well known that the present king does not live on the best of terms with his highborn Italian consort.

THE MEANEST YET.—Some gentlemen were talking about meanness, when one said he knew a man on Lexington avenue, who was the meanest man in New York.

"How mean is that?" asked a friend.

"Why, he is so mean that he keeps a five-cent piece, with a string tied to it, to give to beggars, and, when their backs are turned, jerks it out of their pockets!"

"Why, this man is no mean," continued the gentleman, "that he gave his children ten cents a piece the night before the Fourth of July, but during the night, when they were asleep, he went up stairs, took the money out of their clothes, and then whipped them in the morning for loosing it!"

"Does he do any thing else?"

"Yes; the other day I dined with him, and I noticed the poor little servant girl whistled gally all the way up stairs with the dessert, and when I asked my generous friend what made her whistle so happily, he said: "Why, I keep her whistling so she can't eat the raisins out of the cake.

FLORICULTURE.—All lovers of flowers must remember that one blossom allowed to mature or "go to seed" injures the plant more than a dozen new buds. Cut your flowers then, all of them, before they begin to fade. Adorn your rooms with them; put them on your tables; send bouquets to your friends who have no flowers; or exchange favors with those who have. You will surely find that the more you cut off the more you will have. All roses after they have ceased to bloom should be cut back, and the strength of the root may go to forming new roots for next year. On bushes not a seed should be allowed to mature.—*Scribner's for March.*

☞ Philadelphia editors are not very poor in pocket, even if they haven't much brains, for it is said that George W. Childs, of the Ledger, is worth $3,000,000; William M. Swain, of the Recorder, $2,000,000; John W. Forney, of the Press, $1,000,000; Morton McMichael, of the North American, $150,000; John H. Taggart, of the Times, $75,000; William W. Harding, of the Inquirer, $300,000; E. W. C. Green, of the Transcript, $50,000; E. J. Hiseken, of the Dispatch, $100,000; Dennis F. Dealy, of the Herald, $75,000; William Meeser, of the Mercury, $60,000; Frank Wells, of the Telegram, $75,000.

Business Notes.

The planting season has fairly commenced in some parts of South Carolina. Large quantities of fertilizers have been bought by planters, and the indications are that their use will be increased this year above all precedent.

The Bank of Prussia has reduced its rate of discount from 4 1-2 to 4 per cent, and the rate of interest for advances from 5 1-4 to 5 per cent.

Revised census returns show that the population of Great Britain and Ireland in 1871 was 31,838,939 against 29,070,936 in 1871. The population of Ireland has decreased 5-7 per cent. The area of England and Wales, according to the corrected statement, is 37,-319,211 acres.

Mirth.

Judge Smith, after he was seventy, married a wife considerably his junior. One day, soon after the ceremony, he was riding with her, and, on coming to a hill, she bantered him with the remark: "Judge, my father always used to walk up hill." "So did my first wife," replied the judge.

An engaged young gentleman got rather neatly out of a scrape with his intended. She taxed him with having kissed two ladies at the same party, at which she was not present. He owned it, but said that their united ages only made twenty-one. The simple minded girl thought of ten and eleven, and laughed off her pout. He did not explain that one was nineteen and the other two years of age.

☞ The body of a well-dressed man was found on the Harlem road. There was nothing about his person to indicate who he was, except three brilliant diamond rings, which seemed to show that he was either a horse doctor or a negro minstrel.—*N. Y. Mail.*

☞ "*Nemo repente fit turpissimus.*" (No one becomes vile all at once.) A law student to whom this passage was given to construe, at his preliminary examination, rendered it: "It takes five years to make a lawyer."

DR. TUTT'S HAIR DYE is safe, reliable, harmless, instantaneous. It leaves the hair soft and glossy. Sold by all druggists. Price $1. feb18-d1w&w1t

For Coughs and Throat Disorders, use Brown's Bronchial Troches, having proved their efficiency by a test of many years. feb16-d2t-tues-thurs-sat

CHARMS at a discount. Defiance to Southern Fevers. Good digestion is to be secured by using SIMMON'S LIVER REGULATOR. feb28-dcod1w&w1t

NATURE GIVES US TEETH, but she does not preserve and purify them. That must be done with fragrant SOZODONT. The dental bone and its enamel casing are made invulnerable to all destructive influences by the daily use of this beneficent preparation fed18-d1w&w1t.

SADDLES, SADDLES! HARNESS, HARNESS! At Chapeau & Heifron's, Charleston, South Carolina, you can purchase a set of home-made Buggy Harness at $15 per set, double harness at $45 and $50. New McClellan Saddles at $5 each. Always on hand a full line of Saddlery, Cart Harness, etc.

Remember! If you want a good and cheap article, call at Chapeau & Heifron's. nov30-d3m

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. FACTORY, 16 BOND STREET, New York. oct3—d1y

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP—SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS. These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years continually examining lung, and knows his medicines, if properly taken, will cure consumption. His Mandrake Pills cleanse the liver and stomach; his Seaweed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach and aids digestion; his Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter, and nature throws it off without any exertion. Prepared and for sale by J. H. SCHENCK & SON, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and by druggists and dealers generally. dec25—deodly

J. T. HAGAN. H. B. PARKER.

Good News! Good News!

HO! FOR PETRO OIL!

THE Legislature has this day repealed the law prohibiting the sale of Petro Oil in Georgia. All thanks, many thanks, unbounded thanks to our noble Senator and Representatives—Hillyer, Calhoun, Hoge and Stovall. The farce called INSPECTION of Oil is defunct, dead, and we hope buried. (We) have a car load of PETRO Oil in a few days.

Any one selling any of the light products of Petroleum, under the name of "Petro Oil," and the same not having been bought of us, or through us will be dealt with according to law. Dealers in Oil will be supplied with genuine Petro Oil at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

RETAIL PRICE, 50 CENTS PER GALLON.

We also keep the very best quality of Kerosene Oil. We are sole agents for the celebrated "Crown" brand of Kerosene, being the best 110 degree Oil made in this country.

Pure Kerosene Oil 50 cents per gallon.

Address orders to

JNO. T. HAGAN & CO.,
Proprietors of Patent on Petro Oil,
February 17 1873. Atlanta, Ga.
feb18...d&wlmo

"DOMESTIC."

BEST. WHY?

Least difficulty in learning it.
Least skill required to use it.
Least labor to work it.
Least care to keep it in order.
Least trouble to change it.
Least changing required.
Does fine work equal to any other.
Does heavier work than others.
Does heavy work easily.
Does everything well.
Does nothing ill or grudgingly.
Gives satisfaction.
Exceeds expectation.
Justifies the praise it every-where receives.
Owners of other machines are anxious to exchange for it.

We have a large number of the late Improved Howe, Singer and Wheeler & Wilson machines we have taken in exchange at a nominal price, for sale VERY CHEAP.

Agents wanted.

Domestic Sewing Machine Company,
No. 4 DeGive's Opera House,
jan17-d1f Atlanta, Georgia.

Madison House.

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Parties at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable. apr18—d1y TIRH. A. MORGAN, Proprietor.

FACTS FOR ADVERTISERS.

Newspaper Combination.

THE ROME

Courier and Chattooga Advertiser.

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN NORTH GEORGIA.

ON the 13th instant the undersigned purchased the CHATTOOGA ADVERTISER, published at Summerville, Georgia, and its entire Subscription List, over 400 has been added to that of the Courier.

By reason of having the Largest Circulation in those counties respectively, the COURIER is now the Official Organ for, and receives the LEGAL ADVERTISING of the following counties, viz:

FLOYD, POLK, HARALSON,
CHATTOOGA, WALKER and DADE.

No other paper in Rome receives the Legal Advertising of even one county.

☞ The COURIER was established in 1845, and has been published the last 18 years by the present Proprietor. M. DWINELL,

Proprietor Rome (Georgia) Courier.
Rome, Ga., Ja nary 15, 1873—d1y

Wayside House.

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests, together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by A. J. REAGAN & LADY. feb23—d1y

ARCHITECTURE.

Parkins & Allen, Architects.

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all descriptions. Office in Republic Block, opposite the Kimball House. jan8 d1y

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The cuisine trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. jan26— tf

Grantville High School.

FACULTY—S. LEIGH, A. M.; J. W. LEE, A. B.; Mrs. V. B. HOLLAND, Mrs. A. HARRIS.

THE above Faculty have had charge of the School for several years, and, by their energy and efficiency, have succeeded in raising it out of the rank in the country.

For further particulars address S. LEIGH, feb18—d2t Grantville, Georgia.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta ..... 6.30 o'clock, A. M.
Leaves Kingston ..... 9.30 " P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 4.40 " P. M.
Arrives at Augusta ..... 4.30 " P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta ..... 8.15 " P. M.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 8.15 " P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 6.25 " A. M.
Arrives at Augusta ..... 7.05 " A. M.

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 5 45 P. M.
Leaves Stone Mountain ..... 6 45 A. M.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 8 30 A. M.
Arrives at Stone Mountain ..... 7 P. M.

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 1.45 A. M.
Leaves Macon ..... 1.30 A. M.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 1.25 P. M.
Arrives at Macon ..... 1.45 P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER AND FREIGHT—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 2.30 P. M.
Leaves Macon ..... 2.30 P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 6.00 A. M.
Arrives at Macon ..... 2.30 P. M.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 8 10 P. M.
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 2.44 A. M.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 8.30 A. M.
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 4 25 P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga ..... 5.35 P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 1.40 A. M.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga ..... 5 45 A. M.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 1.45 P. M.

DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 4.00 P. M.
Arrives at Dalton ..... 8.25 A. M.
Leaves Dalton ..... 12.30 P. M.
Arrives in Atlanta ..... 9.50 A. M.

Schedule of Home Railroad.

MORNING TRAIN.

Leave Home ..... 8 30 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston ..... 9.25 A. M.
Leave Kingston ..... 11.30 A. M.
Arrive at Home ..... 1.15 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Home ..... 8.15 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston ..... 9.10 P. M.
Leave Kingston ..... 12.00 A. M.
Arrive at Home ..... 1.33 A. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta ..... 2.30 a. m. ..... 9.30 P M
Arrive Chattanooga ..... 4.27 P. M. ..... 5.22 A M
Arrive Nashville ..... 12.50 A. M. ..... 1.05 P M
Arrive McKenzie ..... 8.30 " ..... 9.30 P M
Arrive Memphis ..... 2.10 P. M. ..... 2.25 A M
Arrive Little Rock ..... 6.30 P M
Arrive Hickman ..... 12.30 P M. ..... 12.01 A M
Arrive Union City ..... 12.30 A M. ..... 10.31 A M
Arrive Columbus ..... 12.00 noon. ..... 12.00 m d t
Arrive St. Louis ..... 12.15 P M. ..... 8.00 A M
Arrive Louisville ..... 8.00 A M. ..... 8.30 P M

ALBERT B. WRENN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin ..... 1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan ..... 3 05 P M
Leaves Newnan ..... 7 00 A M
Arrives at Griffin ..... 9 47 A M
Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta ..... 1 15 A M
Arrives at West-Point ..... 5 40 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point ..... 1 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 6 50 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN (Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta ..... 7 00 A M
Arrives at West-Point ..... 11 47 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN (Inward.)

Leaves West-Point ..... 3 25 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 7 50 P M

Air-Line Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leave Atlanta ..... 6 45 A M
Arrive at End of Track ..... 12 16 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves End of Track ..... 1 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta ..... 6 31 P M

Mardi Gras!

GRAND EXCURSION

TO

Mobile and New Orleans.

THE

GREAT AMERICAN CARNIVAL

AT

NEW ORLEANS,

TAKES PLACE ON

Tuesday, February 25th, 1873

This trip is regarded, by those who have been there, as one of the

MOST PLEASANT.

A MAGNIFICENT TRAIN

OF

Pullman Palace Sleepers,

With elegant Day-Coaches, Restaurants, and Baggage Cars run through from

Atlanta and Augusta

WITHOUT CHANGE, VIA

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS

Fast Line,

Making as quick time as lines advertising

"SHORTER,"

and affording all an excellent opportunity of witnessing this

CARNIVAL OF CARNIVALS.

The Atlanta and New Orleans Fast Line,

long since perfected arrangements for Tickets and Trains through without change.

This line is one hundred and eighty-nine miles

SHORTER

than another, "and nearly one day less time and travel."

EXCURSIONISTS

ARE

Particularly Requested

TO NOTICE THE ABOVE,

and guard against being decived by other lines advertising the title of "Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line," and remember that

Pleasure Seekers do Not Seek After "Short Lines,"

but those that will afford them most pleasure, and we suggest that Excursionists

"Pay their Money and Take their Choice"

BETWEEN

Sand Barrens, Piney Woods, etc., and the Beautiful Blue Mountains of Alabama, together with magnificent bridges over noble rivers, one of which—the Tennessee—is the longest on the Continent; not forgetting the beautiful Bays, incident to a line whose cars run along the shores of the

GULF OF MEXICO.

"I am Sole Agent for this Line in Georgia," but for the accommodation of the Dear Public, I keep placard tickets on sale at the various ticket offices in the State, and at other places convenient to all.

Tickets will be on sale from 15th to 23d February, good to return on any passenger train within

THIRTY DAYS

FROM DATE OF SALE.

FARE ROUND TRIP.

ATLANTA TO NEW ORLEANS and return...$25 25
Sleeping car free extra.
Sections or berths can be secured by addressing

T. DUNNING,
Sup't Pullman Southern Palace Car Company
or,
REAU CAMPBELL,
Southeastern Agent Atlanta and New Orleans Fast Line.

The new reliable Blue Mountain Route, and its recent connections via Montgomery and Mobile.

jan18-d1f.

For Sale.

1 NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE, very conveniently arranged. Terms very easy—one-fourth cash; balance in one, two and three years.

Also, FOR SALE,

BRICK! BRICK!

1,000,000 GOOD BRICK (subject) own manufacture.

For particulars all on the undersigned, corner of West Cain and Williams streets, or address me in P. O. Box 88. Atlanta. T. G. RISWALD.
dec27 d3m

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

Atlanta, Georgia.
jan22-d3t

SOUTH CAROLINA R. R.

ON and after Sunday, 15th instant, the following Schedule will be run on the South Carolina Railroad:

Between Charleston and Augusta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Charleston ..... 8:00 A M
Arrive at Augusta ..... 5:30 P M
Leave Augusta ..... 1:30 A M
Arrive at Charleston ..... 6:05 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Charleston ..... 8:00 P M
Arrives at Augusta ..... 7:35 A M
Leave Augusta ..... 6:15 P M
Arrive at Charleston ..... 5:50 A M

Between Charleston and Columbia

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Le ves Augusta ..... 8:30 A M
Arrives at Columbia ..... 4:30 P M
Leaves Columbia ..... 7:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta ..... 3:30 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta ..... 6:15 P M
Arrives at Columbia ..... 4.30 A M
Leaves Columbia ..... 7:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta ..... 7.35 A M

Day and night trains connect at Augusta with the Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad.

Night train connects with Macon and Augusta Railroad.

Night train out of Augusta makes close connection at Columbia with Greenville and Columbia Railroad. Passengers for points on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will avoid a tedious delay at night in Columbia, by taking this route.

Elegant new sleeping cars on night trains between Augusta and Charleston.

S. B. PICKENS, General Ticket Agent.
jan8-tf

NOTICE.

TO LIQUOR DEALERS AND THE PUBLIC:

I HAVE been appointed sole Agent in Atlanta for Stifel & Pfeiffer's celebrated

Lager Beer and Cream Ale,

and any persons desiring a splendid article can get it by applying to me. All goods shipped or delivered will be guaranteed.

C. C. CARROLL.

CONTRACT.

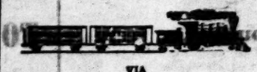
This is to certify that we have this day appointed O. C. Carroll sole Agent in Atlanta for our celebrated Ale and Lager Beer. All orders must be sent direct to him, and any orders addressed to O. C. Carroll, No. 9 Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga., will be promptly filled.

J. STIFEL & L. PFEIFFER.
dec16-d3m

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!



VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are made certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York,

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—d1f

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

THOMAS W. LATHAM, Attorney at Law, Palmyra, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Campbell, Coweta, Douglas, and Fayette, in the United States District, and Supreme Court of the State. Special attention given to collections. jan5-d3m

HENRY JACKSON, MARSHALL J. CLARKE.
Supreme Court Reporter.

JACKSON & CLARKE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, ATLANTA, GEORGIA, will practice in the United States Courts for the State of Georgia, the Supreme Court of the State, Superior Courts of the Atlanta Circuit, and elsewhere by special contract. Office Alabama street. jan1-d1m

JESSE E. THASHER, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Rockmart, Ga., will give strict attention to all business intrusted to his care. Remittances promptly made. dec19 d1y

E. G. SIMMONS, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Georgia. NOV19—d12m

JAMES C. BARTON, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Superior and Supreme Courts of Georgia. Office first door east of Court House Building, Decatur Street.

Special attention given to Collections.
apr18—d1y

H. H. S. LOVELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Dawkins, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Chattahoochee, Marion, Muscogee, Harris, Meriwether and Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may15—d1y

J. A. & E. STILL, Attorneys at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties composing the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apr27-1y

ALVAN D. FREEMAN, NEWNAN, GEORGIA, Attorney at Law, will practice in the several Courts—State and Federal. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted. apr17—d1y

RICHARD ARNOLD. WARREN G. WINSLOW.

ARNOLD & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Collections in Southwest Georgia a specialty. Real Estate Agents. jan26—d1y

JAS. A. HARLEY, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Hilbert, Glascock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin, Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr18-d1y

PETER FRANCISCO SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Newnan, Georgia, will practice in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta, and in the Superior Courts of the Coweta Circuit. Extra charges will be made for the transaction of business at points not accessible by rail. Will attend punctually to the collection of claims, and all business connected with the administration of estates. Will also represent parties in Bankruptcy, and all business connected with the administration of estates. Will also represent parties before the Court of Claims, at Washington, D. C. march11—d1y

JOHN D. POPE, (late of Atlanta, Georgia,) Attorney at Law, Sherman, Texas, will practice in the State and Federal Courts of Northern Texas.

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DAN McDUFFIE & BRO., PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, Paper Hangers, Glaziers, etc. Office at Simmons & Hunt's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr13—d1f

DR. R. R. BILLUPS, Medical Doctor, Office over Hunnicutt & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia. Sept-d1y

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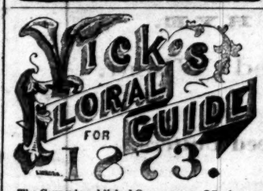

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